

Proposed Syllabus

M. Sc. Bioscience (Zoology)

Semester I & II

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

w.e.f. June 2019



Department of Biosciences
Veer Narmad South Gujarat University, Surat



THE COURSE

The M.Sc. Bioscience (Botany), M.Sc. Bioscience (Microbiology), M.Sc. Bioscience (Zoology), is a full time curriculum, run for 2 years, spread over 4 semesters, with four theory Papers (three core and one elective / interdisciplinary / multidisciplinary) and one combined practical in first two semesters.

ADMISSION

Academic year of the University begins from June. The lectures and practical's of the third semester starts immediately. The same for the first semester usually commences immediately after admissions. The admission process is as per the criteria laid down by the university

ELIGIBILITY

A candidate shall be admitted to M.Sc. Bioscience (Botany) / M.Sc. Bioscience (Zoology) / M.Sc. Bioscience (Microbiology) based on subject which he/she has taken as the Core –I (Principal) subject at the B.Sc. Degree examination. If seats are vacant than admission can be given to students who have taken the Core –II (Subsidiary subject/ Second subject / subject taken up to S.Y. B.Sc. at least).

ATTENDANCE

The M.Sc. courses run by this Department are full time studies and as such, a student admitted to the Department is not allowed to join any other courses or study, or take up any paid service.

Admitted students have to attend all the Lectures, Practical and Seminars. A minimum prescribed attendance as per University rules is required to sanction a term grant. Students whose term attendance is not granted will not be allowed to appear in the examination, and will have to join the same semester in the following year.

EVALUATION AND EXAMINATION

- There shall be University examination for every core and elective/interdisciplinary/ multidisciplinary course at the end of each semester.
- There shall be continuous evaluation of every student for 30% of internal weightage during the semester as shown below:



Theory Examination

Internal Assessment

Continuous Internal assessment will be based upon

1. Attendance/regularity/punctuality
2. Written Assignments
3. Internal test
4. Any one option selected by students from: Seminars, Poster presentations, Viva-voce, field work, academic tour, MCQ's tests, quiz competitions, group discussion etc.

External Theory Question Paper format

1. Question paper shall consist of 2 sections.
2. Section-I covers first 2 units of the course.
3. Section-II covers remaining 2 units of the course.
4. Both sections of question paper comprise two questions with internal option of 14 marks each from each unit.
5. Third question shall be short answer type of (07) marks which will cover respective both units.

Practical examination

External practical examination paper format

Exercise 1:	Based on paper I	[25 Marks]
Exercise 2:	Based on paper II	[25 Marks]
Exercise 3:	Based on paper III	[25 Marks]
Exercise 4:	Based on paper IV	[25 Marks]
Exercise 5:	Spotting	[20 Marks]
Exercise 6:	Viva	[15 Marks]
Exercise 7:	Journal/Lab record	[05 Marks]

TEACHING AND LEARNING STRATEGIES

Along with Classroom teaching and laboratory practical on need based modern pedagogical techniques from following can be adapted

Hands on Learning, Story Telling, Role Play, Visual clues, Instructional Conversations, Science Text Cards, Word Games, Graphic Organizers, Word Parts, Social media, Virtual science labs, Thinking Maps, Crossover Learning, Argue with Science, Brain storming, Context-Based Learning, Computational thinking, Multimedia Approach, Projects, Science museums, ICT Enabled Learning, Video clips, Power Points, Documented Problem Solving, Peer-to-Peer Teaching, Science movies, Science games, Mobile apps for Science, Field trips, Science clubs, Flipped Classroom, Guided Discovery Problems, Science Quiz, Learning By Doing Science etc.



M.Sc. Bioscience (Microbiology)

Programme Outcome (PO)

- **PO 1: Think Critically:** Get ability to apply the process of science by formulating hypotheses and design experiments based on the scientific method.
- **PO 2: Problem analysis:** Analyse and interpret results generated through studies in Master of Science, taxonomical treatments, field studies, excursion tours and laboratory techniques used in the subject. Identify credible scientific sources to interpret and evaluate the evidences.
- **PO 3: Reasoning ability:** Use quantitative reasoning by using mathematical calculations and graphing skills to solve problems in the field of science.
- **PO 4: Team work:** Students would perform functions that demand higher competence in national/international organizations with sporty spirits and helping each other.
- **PO 5: Communication Skill:** Effective Communication and collaborate with other disciplines by effectively communicating the fundamental concepts of Biological Science in written and oral format.
- **PO 6: Ethical awareness:** Understand the relationship between science and society by recognizing and discussing logical, scientific and ethical issues in Biological science subject.
- **PO 7: Environment and Sustainability:** Understand the issues of environmental contexts and sustainable development with respect to assessment, conservation and utilization of floral diversity
- **PO 8: Digitally literate:** Capable of using computers for Bioinformatics and computation and appropriate software for analysis of genomics and proteomics data, and employing modern bioinformatics search tools to locate, retrieve, and evaluate location and biological annotation genes of different species.
- **PO 9: Self-directed and Life-long Learning:** Acquire the ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context socio- technological changes
- **PO 10: Global thinking:** Knowledgeable disciple students with good values, ethics, and kind heart will help in nation building globally.

Programme Specific Outcome (PSOs)

- **PSO 1:** develop conceptual understanding of basic biology and applied aspects of microbiology
- **PSO 2:** learn about practical aspects of basic biology and microbiology
- **PSO 3:** They would identify, formulate and analyse the complex problems with reaching a substantiated conclusion. Logical thinking with application of biological, physical and chemical sciences. Learning that develops analytical and integrative problem-solving approaches.



- **PSO 4:** Students would perform functions that demand higher competence in national/international organizations with sporty and helping spirits. Prepare the students for many competitive exams like MPSC, UPSC NET SET GATE.
- **PSO5:** Best problem-solving skills in students would encourage them to carry out innovative research projects thereby making them to use knowledge creation in depth.
- **PSO6:** Knowledgeable, disciplined students with good values, ethics, and kind heart will help in nation building globally. Student should be aware of ethical issues and regulatory considerations while addressing society needs for growth with honesty

	PS01	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
PO1						
PO2						
PO3						
PO4						
PO5						
PO6						
PO7						
PO8						
PO9						
PO10						



M. Sc. Bioscience Sem. I							
Subject Code	Subject Title	Theory Hours/week	Practical Hours/week	External Marks	Internal Marks	Total Marks	Credit
Bios-101	Biochemistry	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-102	Cell Biology and Immunology	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-103	Instrumentations and Biostatistics	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-104	Fundamentals of Developmental Biology and Physiology	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios- 105	Practical Based on Bios-101 to 104	-	16	140	60	200	8
Total		16	16	420	180	600	24

M. Sc. Bioscience Sem. II							
Subject Code	Subject Title	Theory Hours/week	Practical Hours/week	External Marks	Internal Marks	Total Marks	Credit
Bios-201	Evolution and Genetics	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-202	Molecular Biology and Recombinant DNA methods	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-203	Diversity and ecology	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-204	Bioinformatics, IPR, Biosafety & Bioethics	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios- 205	Practical Based on Bios-201 to 204	-	16	140	60	200	8
Total		16	16	420	180	600	24



VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-101	Semester	I
Biochemistry			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-101: BIOCHEMISTRY

Learning Objective and Outcomes:

This Course will focus on the synthesis, structure and functions of biomolecules in the living organisms. After learning this unit the students will be able to

- **CO 1** Student will be able to understand the process of synthesis of proteins, lipids, nucleic acids, and carbohydrates and their role in metabolic pathways along with their regulation at the epigenetic, transcriptional, translational, and post-translational levels including RNA and protein folding, modification, and degradation.
- **CO 2** Students will be able to explain reaction kinetics, thermodynamics of the molecules. They will be able to understand principles of catalysis and enzyme kinetics.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						

Unit I

- 1.1 **Chemical fundamentals:** Structure of atoms, molecules and chemical bonds.
- 1.2 **Stabilizing interactions:** Van der Waals, electrostatic, hydrogen bonding, hydrophobic interaction, etc.
- 1.3 **Water:** weak interactions in aqueous systems, ionization of water, weak acids, and weak bases, buffering against pH changes in biological systems, water as a reactant, the fitness of the aqueous environment for living organisms; Acid, Base pH and buffer
- 1.4 **Kinetics:** Reaction kinetics, thermodynamics, colligative properties

Reference Books

1. *Foundation of General, Organic and Biochemistry, Katherine and Joseph, McGraw Hill*
2. *Biochemistry Demystified, Sharon Walker and David McMohan, McGraw Hill,*
3. *Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, Nelson, WH free Man*
4. *Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Life at the Molecular Level, Donald Voet, Judith G. Voet, Charlotte W. Pratt, Wiley*
5. *Fundamentals of biochemistry, Jain, S. Chand publication*

Unit II

- 2.1 **Composition, structure and function of biomolecules:** Carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, nucleic acids and vitamins.



- 2.2 **Conformation of proteins:** Ramachandran plot, secondary structure, domains, motif and folds.
- 2.3 **Conformation of nucleic acids:** Helix (A, B, Z), t-RNA, micro-RNA.
- 2.4 **Stability:** Stability of proteins and nucleic acids

Reference Books

1. *Foundation of General, Organic and Biochemistry, Katherine and Joseph, McGraw Hill*
2. *Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, Nelson, WH free Man*
3. *Biochemistry: Concepts and Connections, Dean R. Appling, Spencer J. Anthony-Cahill, Christopher K. Mathew, Pearson*
4. *Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Life at the Molecular Level, Donald Voet, Judith G. Voet, Charlotte W. Pratt, Wiley*
5. *Biochemistry for life sciences by Uma Bhardwaj, Pearson Education*
6. *Fundamentals of biochemistry, Jain, S. Chand publication*
7. *Biochemistry Dr. C. B. Powar Dr. G.R. Chatwal, Himlaya Publishing House*

Unit III

- 3.1 **Introduction to enzymes:** Principles of catalysis, Enzyme Specificity, Types of enzyme
- 3.2 **Enzyme kinetics:** factor affecting enzyme activity, Michaelis-Menten Equation and its Transformations
- 3.3 **Enzyme inhibition:** Reversible and irreversible inhibition
- 3.4 **Enzyme regulation:** Allosteric enzyme regulation, Covalent modification, enzyme synthesis

Reference Books

1. *Understanding Enzyme, Trevor Palmer, Ellis Horwood Ltd.*
2. *Enzymology T. Devasena, Oxford University Press*
3. *Fundamentals of Enzymology, by Nicholas C. Price, Oxford University Press*
4. *Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Life at the Molecular Level, Donald Voet, Judith G. Voet, Charlotte W. Pratt, Wiley*
5. *Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, Nelson, WH free Man*
6. *Fundamentals of biochemistry, Jain, S. Chand publication*

Unit IV

- 4.1 **Bioenergetics:** Principles of Bioenergetics, Glycolysis, Gluconeogenesis, and the Pentose Phosphate Pathway, The Metabolism of Glycogen in Animals, The Citric Acid Cycle, Oxidative Phosphorylation and Photophosphorylation, Carbohydrate Biosynthesis in Plants and Bacteria
- 4.2 **Lipid Biosynthesis:** Biosynthesis of Fatty Acids and Eicosanoids, Biosynthesis of Triacylglycerols, Biosynthesis of Membrane Phospholipids, Biosynthesis of Cholesterol, Steroids, and Isoprenoids, Fatty Acid Catabolism: Digestion, Mobilization, and Transport of Fats, Oxidation of Fatty Acids, Ketone Bodies
- 4.3 **Nitrogen Metabolism:** Overview of Nitrogen Metabolism, Biosynthesis of Amino Acids, Molecules Derived from Amino Acids, Biosynthesis and Degradation of Nucleotides, Amino Acid Oxidation and the Production of Urea : Metabolic Fates of Amino Groups,



Nitrogen Excretion and the Urea Cycle, Pathways of Amino Acid Degradation, symbiotic and non-symbiotic nitrogen fixation by microorganisms

4.4 **Integration and Hormonal Regulation of Mammalian Metabolism:** Tissue-Specific Metabolism: The Division of Labor, Hormonal Regulation of Fuel Metabolism, Long Term Regulation of Body Mass, Hormones: Diverse Structures for Diverse Functions

Reference Books

1. *Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry*, Nelson, WH free Man
2. *Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Life at the Molecular Level*, Donald Voet, Judith G. Voet, Charlotte W. Pratt, Wiley
3. *Lippincott Illustrated Reviews Biochemistry*, Denise R. Ferrier, Wolters Kluwer India Pvt. Ltd
4. *Biochemistry: Concepts and Connections*, Dean R. Appling, Spencer J. Anthony-Cahill, Christopher K. Mathew, Pearson
5. *The Physiology and Biochemistry of Prokaryotes* by David White, OUP USA
6. *Introduction to Plant physiology*, William G. Hopkins and Norman P.A. Huner, Wiley India Pvt Ltd
7. *Introduction to biochemistry and Metabolism* by D Anandhi Pearson Education
8. *Plant Biochemistry*, Hans-Walter Heldt, Elsevier
9. *Plant physiology* by by Lincoln Taiz and Eduardo Zeiger, Sinauer Associates Inc., U.S
10. *Fundamentals of biochemistry*, Jain, S. Chand publication
11. *Bios Instant Notes In Biochemistry*, by David & Hooper, Nigel Hames, Taylor & Francis

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-102	Semester	I
Cell Biology and Immunology			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-102: CELL BIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY

Learning Objective and Outcomes:

The course mainly emphasize on study of ultra-structure of various cell types, cell division and its regulation. The course also deals with molecules involve in immune system and their role in immune system. After learning this course students will be able to understand...

- **CO 1** Basic structure and chemical properties of plant, animal and bacterial cells
- **CO 2** Phases, mechanism and regulation of cell cycle, cell signaling pathways and cancer biology
- **CO 3** Students will be also able to explain molecules involved in innate and adaptive immunity and response of immune system in various pathogenic condition



	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						

Unit I

- 1.1 **Membrane structure and function:** Structure of model membrane, lipid bilayer and membrane protein diffusion, osmosis, ion channels, active transport, membrane pumps, mechanism of sorting and regulation of intracellular transport, electrical properties of membranes.
- 1.2 **Ultra-structure and function of Bacteria:** Bacterial Nucleoids, Plasmid, Microbial Cell Surfaces, Cytoplasmic Membranes, Capsules, Organs of Locomotion, Pili or Fimbriae
- 1.3 **Major structural and functional features of eukaryotic cell:** Cell membrane and transport across the cell membrane, Plasma membrane, Cell wall, Extracellular matrix and cell interaction, Nucleus, Endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi complex, Lysosome, Mitochondria, Chloroplast, Peroxisome, Plastids, Vacuoles, Cytoskeleton and Cell movement
- 1.4 **Organization of genes and chromosomes:** Operon, unique and repetitive DNA, interrupted genes, gene families, structure of chromatin and chromosomes, heterochromatin, euchromatin, transposons.

Reference Books

1. *The Cell – A molecular Approach*, Cooper and Hausman
2. *Cell and Molecular Biology Concepts 6th ed*, Gerald Karp, Wiley
3. *Molecular cell biology*, Lodish, WH freeman
4. *Cell Biology*, Devasena, Oxford
5. *The Physiology and Biochemistry of Prokaryotes* by David White, OUP USA
6. *Cells*, Benjamin Lewin, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Inc
7. *The Cell, A visual tour of building blocks of life*, Jack Challoner, Ivy press

Unit II

- 2.1 **Cell division and cell cycle:** Mitosis and meiosis, their regulation, steps in cell cycle, regulation and control of cell cycle
- 2.2 **Cell Signaling :** Cell signaling Hormones and their receptors, cell surface receptor, signaling through G-protein coupled receptors, signal transduction pathways, second messengers, regulation of signaling pathways,
- 2.3 **Cell sensing:** Bacterial and plant twocomponent systems, light signaling in plants, bacterial chemotaxis and quorum sensing.
- 2.4 **Cellular communication:** General principles of cell communication, cell adhesion and roles of different adhesion molecules, gap junctions, extracellular matrix, integrins, regulation of hematopoiesis, neurotransmission and its regulation,

Reference Books

1. *The Cell – A molecular Approach*, Cooper and Hausman
2. *Cell Biology* by Gerald Karp, Wiley



3. *Molecular cell biology, Lodish, WH freeman*
4. *Cells, Benjamin Lewin, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Inc*
5. *Cell Biology, Devasena, Oxford*
6. *The Physiology and Biochemistry of Prokaryotes by David White, OUP USA*
7. *Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution & Ecology by Verma P.S. (Author), Agarwal V.K.*
8. *Biology by Peter Raven, George Johnson, Kenneth Mason, Jonathan Losos, Susan Singer, McGraw Hill Education*

Unit III

- 3.1 **Host parasite interaction:** Recognition and entry processes of different pathogens like bacteria, viruses into animal and plant host cells, alteration of host cell behavior by pathogens, virus-induced cell transformation, pathogen-induced diseases in animals and plants, cell-cell fusion in both normal and abnormal cells.
- 3.2 **Cancer development:** Genetic rearrangements in progenitor cells, oncogenes, tumor suppressor genes, cancer and the cell cycle, virus-induced cancer.
- 3.3 **Cancer propagation:** Metastasis, interaction of cancer cells with normal cells, apoptosis.
- 3.4 **Cancer treatment:** Therapeutic interventions of uncontrolled cell growth.

Reference Books

1. *Prescott's Microbiology, Joanne Willey, McGraw-Hill Education*
2. *Immunology, Raj Khanna, Oxford*
3. *The Short Textbook of Medical Microbiology, Satish Gupte, Jaypee*
4. *Cellular and Molecular Immunology, by Abul K. Abbas, Andrew H Lichtman, Shiv Pillai, Elsevier*
5. *Genes IX by Benjamin Lewin, Jones and Bartlett Publishers*
6. *BIOS Instant notes of immunology, by Peter Lydyard, Alex Whelan, Michael Fanger*

Unit IV

- 4.1 **Innate and adaptive immune system:** Cells and molecules involved in innate and adaptive immunity
- 4.2 **Immune cells:** Antigens, antigenicity and immunogenicity. B and T cell epitopes, structure and function of antibody molecules. Generation of antibody diversity, monoclonal antibodies, antibody engineering, antigen-antibody interactions, MHC molecules, antigen processing and presentation, activation and differentiation of B and T cells, B and T cell receptors.
- 4.3 **Immune response:** Humoral and cell mediated immune responses, primary and secondary immune modulation, the complement system, Toll-like receptors, cell-mediated effector functions, inflammation,
- 4.4 **Immune disorder:** Hypersensitivity and autoimmunity, immune response during bacterial (tuberculosis), parasitic (malaria) and viral (HIV) infections, congenital and acquired immunodeficiencies, vaccines.

Reference Books

1. *Roitt's Essential Immunology Peter J. Delves, Seamus, Wiley-Blackwell*
2. *Kuby Immunology, Jenni Punt, WH Freeman*
3. *Cellular and Molecular Immunology, by Abul K. Abbas, Andrew H Lichtman, Shiv Pillai, Elsevier*
4. *The Elements of Immunology by Khan, Pearson Education India*
5. *Immunology by Ramesh, McGraw Hill Education India*
6. *Immunology, Raj Khanna, Oxford*



7. *The Short Textbook of Medical Microbiology, SatishGupte, jaypee*
8. *BIOS Instant notes of immunology, by Peter Lydyard, Alex Whelan, Michael Fanger*

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-103	Semester	I
Instrumentations and Biostatistics			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-103: INSTRUMENTATIONS AND BIostatISTICS

Learning Objective and Outcomes:

The course is designed to develop the experimental techniques and bio statistical skill for student. At the end of this course the students will be able to explain the principle, construction and working of various analytical instruments. Students will get detailed information about the applications of analytical techniques in Biological sciences. They will be able to

- **CO 1** Understand and use various qualitative and quantitative techniques i.e. microscopic, spectroscopic, chromatographic, etc.
- **CO 2** They will be able to explain various histochemical and immunotechniques for the detection of molecules in living cells. They will learn detection and measurements of different types of radioisotopes as well as electrophysiological methods
- **CO 3** Students will be able to analyse the biological data by manual and computational methods

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						

Unit I

- 1.1 **Centrifugation and basic colorimetry :** Basic concepts of centrifugation. Calculation of g value fromRPM. Density gradient centrifugation. Sedimentation velocity and Sedimentationequilibrium. Separation of sub-cellular components and macromolecules usinghigh speed and ultracentrifugation; UV/Vis spectrophotometry. Beer-Lambert’s law and its use in determination of protein/ nucleic acid concentration, Turbidimetry and Nephelometry
- 1.2 **Microscopic techniques:**Visualization of cells and subcellular components by light microscopy, resolving powers of different microscopes, microscopy of living cells, scanning and transmission microscopes, different fixation and staining techniques for EM, freeze-etch and freezefracture methods for EM, image processing methods in microscopy. Other microscopy techniques(Bright-field, Dark-filed, Phase-contrast, Differential interference contrast Microscope, Fluorescence, Polarization, Confocal



- Scanning, stereomicroscope), Scanning Probe Microscopes (Scanning Tunnelling, Atomic Force, Near-field Scanning Optical, Magnetic Force etc)
- 1.3 **Atomic spectroscopy:** Flame photometer, Atomic absorption spectroscopy, Mass spectroscopy
 - 1.4 **Chromatography:** Ion exchange, Gel Filtration and Affinity chromatography, HPLC, GC, LC

Reference Books

1. *Modern Experimental Biochemistry*, Rodney Boyer, Pearson Education
2. *Instrumental methods of chemical analysis* by Chatwal and Anand, Himalaya Publishing house
3. *Biochemistry and Molecular biology*, Wilson walker, Cambridge
4. *Handbook of instrumental techniques for analytical chemistry*, Frank Settle, Prentice Hall
5. *Fundamentals and Techniques of Biophysics and Molecular Biology*, Pranav Kumar, Pathfinder Publication.
6. *Research Methodology for biological Sciences* by N Gurumani,

Unit II

- 2.1 **Fluorescence Spectroscopy:** Basic concepts of excitation and emission. Quenching, Stern-Volmer Plots. Theory and applications of FRET and fluorescence lifetime measurements.
- 2.2 **Structure determination I:** Fundamentals of CD, IR and Raman spectroscopy and their use in the study of biomolecular conformation.
- 2.3 **Structure determination II:** Fundamentals of X-ray, NMR and cryo-electron microscopy for determination of biomolecular structure.
- 2.4 **Sequencing technology:** DNA and Protein Sequencing technology

Reference Books

1. *Biochemistry and Molecular biology*, Wilson walker, Cambridge
2. *Fundamentals and Techniques of Biophysics and Molecular Biology*, Pranav Kumar, Pathfinder Publication
3. *Tools and Techniques of Biotechnology*, Mousumi Debnath, Pointer Publishers

Unit III

- 3.1 **Histochemical and Immunotechniques:** Antibody generation, Detection of molecules using ELISA, RIA, western blot, immunoprecipitation, flow cytometry and immunofluorescence microscopy, detection of molecules in living cells, in situ localization by techniques such as FISH and GISH; Biosensors
- 3.2 **Radiolabeling techniques:** Detection and measurement of different types of radioisotopes normally used in biology, incorporation of radioisotopes in biological tissues and cells, molecular imaging of radioactive material, safety guidelines.
- 3.3 **Electrophysiological methods:** Single neuron recording, patch-clamp recording, ECG, Brain activity recording, lesion and stimulation of brain, pharmacological testing, PET, MRI, fMRI, CAT.
- 3.4 **Electrophoresis:** Agarose gel, Native and SDS-PAGE. Isoelectric focusing, 2D-PAGE and its applications; characterization of nucleic acids/protein including Southern, northern and western hybridizations.

Reference Books

1. *Analytical Biochemistry*, David Holme and Hazel Peck, Prentice Hall



2. *Tools and Techniques of Biotechnology*, Mousumi Debnath, Pointer Publishers
3. *Fundamentals and Techniques of Biophysics and Molecular Biology*, Pranav Kumar, Pathfinder Publication
4. *Biochemistry and Molecular biology*, Wilson walker, Cambridge
5. *UGC NET Life Science*, by Ashish Nagesh, Quaisher J. Hossain, Prashant Kumar, Arihant Publications

Unit IV

- 4.1 **Fundamental of statistical analysis:** Basic concepts of design of Experiments, Concepts of precision and accuracy in experimental measurements. Introduction to computational resources for statistical analysis
- 4.2 **Descriptive Statistics:** Measures of central tendency and dispersal; probability distributions (Binomial, Poisson and normal), Sampling distribution; Difference between parametric and non-parametric statistics; Confidence Interval; Errors; Levels of significance;
- 4.3 **Test of significance:** Student t-test, Analysis of variance, X^2 test,
- 4.4 **Other statistical techniques:** Regression and Correlation, Basic introduction to Multivariate statistics

Reference Books

1. *Introduction to Bio-Statistics*, Banerjee Pranab Kumar, S Chand & Company
2. *Biostatistics*, Veer Bala Rastogi, Medtech
3. *Biostatistics Analysis*, Zar, Pearson
4. *Biostatistics for health and life sciences*, Rao K Surya, Himalaya Publishing house
5. *Research methodology*, C R Kothari, New Age Publishers
6. *Principles of Biostatistics* by Marcello Pagano, Duxbury Thomson Learning

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-104	Semester	I
Fundamentals of Developmental Biology and Physiology			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-104: FUNDAMENTALS OF DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY AND PHYSIOLOGY

Learning Objective and Outcomes:

The course has created to exposed student with the fundamental of developmental biology and physiology of the different life forms. The course explores various topics in plant physiology, and biochemistry including primary and secondary metabolism, photosynthesis, respiration, water relations, mineral nutrition, response to environmental stress, roles of plant hormones. After completing this course,

- **CO 1** Students will be able to explain important developmental aspects in plants and animal.



- **CO 2** The students will understand the relationship between structure, function and its relation to various biological processes.
- **CO 3** Student will gain an appreciation of the metabolic and physiological processes for stress adaptation

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						

Unit I

- 1.1 **Basic concepts of development:** Potency, commitment, specification, induction, competence, determination and differentiation; morphogenetic gradients; cell fate and cell lineages; stem cells; genomic equivalence and the cytoplasmic determinants; imprinting; mutants and transgenic in analysis of development.
- 1.2 **Gametogenesis, fertilization and early development:** Production of gametes, cell surface molecules in sperm-egg recognition in animals; zygote formation, cleavage, blastula formation, embryonic fields, gastrulation and formation of germ layers in animals; Embryo sac development and double fertilization in plants, embryogenesis, establishment of symmetry in plants; seed formation and germination.
- 1.3 **Morphogenesis and organogenesis in animals:** Cell aggregation and differentiation in *Dictyostelium*; axes and pattern formation in *Drosophila*, amphibia and chick; organogenesis–vulva formation in *Caenorhabditis elegans*, eye lens induction, limb development and regeneration in vertebrates; differentiation of neurons, post embryonic development- larval formation, metamorphosis; environmental regulation of normal development; sex determination.
- 1.4 **Morphogenesis and organogenesis in plants:** Organization of shoot and root apical meristem; shoot and root development; leaf development and phyllotaxy; transition to flowering, floral meristems and floral development in *Arabidopsis* and *Antirrhinum*.

Reference Books

1. *Plant Physiology and Development*, Lincoln Taiz, Oxford
2. *Developmental Biology*, Scott F. Gilbert, Sinauer
3. *BIOS Instant Notes in Developmental Biology*, Richard Twyman, Taylor & Francis
4. *Embryology of Flowering Plants*, T.B. BATYGINA, Science Publishers
5. *Instant Notes, Plant Biology*, A.J. Lack & D.E. Evans, Bios
6. *An introduction to the embryology of angiosperms*, Maheswari, McGRAW-HILL
7. *Biology*, Raven and Johnson, 2013, McGraw Hill India publication
8. *Campbell Biology*, Jane B. Reece, Pearson Benjamin Cummings
9. *Chordate Embryology*, Verma P.S. and Agarwal V.K., S chand
10. *Inderbir Singh's Human Embryology*, V Subhadra Devi, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers



Unit II

- 2.1 **Sensory photobiology:** Structure, function and mechanisms of action of phytochromes, cryptochromes and phototropins; stomatal movement; photoperiodism and biological clocks.
- 2.2 **Solute transport and photoassimilate translocation:** uptake, transport and translocation of water, ions, solutes and macromolecules from soil, through cells, across membranes, through xylem and phloem; transpiration; mechanisms of loading and unloading of photoassimilates.
- 2.3 **Secondary metabolites:** Biosynthesis of terpenes, phenols and nitrogenous compounds and their roles.
- 2.4 **Stress physiology:** Responses of plants to biotic (pathogen and insects) and abiotic (water, temperature and salt) stresses.

Reference Books

1. *Plant Physiology and Development*, Lincoln Taiz, Oxford
2. *Physiology and Molecular Biology of Stress Tolerance in Plants*, Rao, Springer
3. *Introduction to Plant Physiology*, William G. Hopkins and Norman P. A., John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
4. *Campbell Biology*, Jane B. Reece, Pearson Benjamin Cummings
5. *Biology*, Raven and Johnson, McGraw Hill India publication

Unit III

- 3.1 **Blood and circulation:** Blood corpuscles, haemopoiesis and formed elements, plasma function, blood volume, blood volume regulation, blood groups, haemoglobin, immunity, haemostasis; Cardiovascular System: Comparative anatomy of heart structure, myogenic heart, specialized tissue, ECG – its principle and significance, cardiac cycle, heart as a pump, blood pressure, neural and chemical regulation of all above; Respiratory system - Comparison of respiration in different species, anatomical considerations, transport of gases, exchange of gases, waste elimination, neural and chemical regulation of respiration.
- 3.2 **Nervous system:** Neurons, action potential, gross neuroanatomy of the brain and spinal cord, central and peripheral nervous system, neural control of muscle tone and posture; Sense organs - Vision, hearing and tactile response.
- 3.2 **Digestive system:** Digestion, absorption, energy balance, BMR; Excretory system: Comparative physiology of excretion, kidney, urine formation, urine concentration, waste elimination, micturition, regulation of water balance, blood volume, blood pressure, electrolyte balance, acid-base balance.
- 3.4 **Thermoregulation:** Comfort zone, body temperature: physical, chemical, neural regulation, acclimatization; Stress and adaptation

Reference Books

1. *Vander's Human Physiology: The Mechanisms of Body Function*, Eric Widmaier, McGraw-Hill Education



2. *Guyton & Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology: A South Asian Edition* by Mario Dr. Vaz, Tony Dr. Raj, Elsevier India
3. *Human Physiology: An Integrated Approach*, Silverthorn, Pearson Education India
4. *Campbell Biology*, Jane B. Reece, Pearson Benjamin Cummings
5. *Biology*, Raven and Johnson, 2013, McGraw Hill India publication



Unit IV

- 4.1 **Cell death:**Programmed cell death, aging and senescence.
- 4.2 **Microbial Physiology:** Growth yield and characteristics, strategies of cell division, stress response; Microbial fermentation and production of small and macro molecules.
- 4.3 **Plant hormones:** Biosynthesis, storage, breakdown and transport; physiological effects and mechanisms of action.
- 4.4 **Endocrinology and reproduction:** Endocrine glands, basic mechanism of hormone action, hormones and diseases; reproductive processes, gametogenesis, ovulation, neuroendocrine regulation.

Reference Books

1. *Developmental Biology*, Scott F. Gilbert, Sinauer
2. *BIOS Instant Notes in Developmental Biology*, Richard Twyman, Taylor & Francis
3. *The Physiology and Biochemistry of Prokaryotes*, David white
4. *Introduction to Plant Physiology*, William G. Hopkins and Norman P. A., John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
5. *Plant Physiology and Development*, Lincoln Taiz, Oxford
6. *Vander's Human Physiology: The Mechanisms of Body Function*, Eric Widmaier, McGraw-Hill Education
7. *Guyton & Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology: A South Asian Edition* by Mario Dr. Vaz, Tony Dr. Raj, Elsevier India
8. *Human Physiology: An Integrated Approach*, Silverthorn, Pearson Education India
9. *Campbell Biology*, Jane B. Reece, Pearson Benjamin Cummings
10. *Biology*, Raven and Johnson, 2013, McGraw Hill India publication



VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-105	Semester	I
Practical Based on BIOS-101 to 104			
Course type	Practical	Total Credit	08
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Practical (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
16/week	60	140	200

The Course mainly emphasize on practical skill cell biology, biochemistry, Instrumentation, environmental sample analysis.

- **CO 1** Ability to apply basic principles of chemistry to biological systems and molecular biology.
- **CO 2** Ability to relate various interrelated physiological and metabolic events.
- **CO 3** A general awareness of current developments at the forefront in biochemistry and allied subjects.
- **CO 4** Ability to critically evaluate a problem and resolve to challenge blindly accepted concepts.
- **CO 5** Zeal and ability to work safely and effectively in a laboratory.
- **CO 6** Good experimental and quantitative skills encompassing preparation of laboratory
- **CO 7** Reagents, conducting experiments, satisfactory analyses of data and interpretation of results.
- **CO 8** Awareness of resources, and their conservation.
- **CO 9** Ability to think laterally and in an integrating manner and develop interdisciplinary approach.
- **CO 10** Overall knowledge of the avenues for research and higher academic achievements in the field of botany and allied subjects.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						
CO4						
CO5						
CO6						
CO7						
CO8						
CO9						
CO10						





BIOS 105: Practical Based on BIOS-101 to 104

Following are the indicative list of the experiments. Changes can be done depending upon the departmental need and availability of the resources

Biochemistry

1. Preparation of buffer and solution of different concentration, Normality and molarity, Determination of pKa
2. Estimation of protein by biuret method
3. Estimation of protein by Lowry's method
4. Estimation of protein by Bradford method
5. Lambda Max for protein and amino acids
6. Determination of molar absorbance coefficient of l-tyrosine
7. Estimation of sugar by Anthrone method
8. Estimation of sugar by DNSA
9. Estimation of sugar by Cole's method
10. Estimation of glucose in human serum (GOD- POD) (kit)
11. Estimation of Ascorbic acid
12. Estimation of lipid and fatty acid
13. To study the effect of pH, temperature, salt and substrate on enzyme activity
14. Determination of Km and Vmax of enzyme.
15. Enzyme inhibition study-(1) competitive inhibition (2) Uncompetitive inhibition
16. Estimation of Aspartate aminotransferase (AST) & Alanine aminotransferase (AST) (kit)
17. Estimation of Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) (Kit)

Reference Books

1. *Introductory Practical Biochemistry*, Narosa Publishing House
2. *Laboratory manual in Biochemistry*, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers
3. *An Introduction to Practical biochemistry* by, David T. Plummer, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited
4. *Biochemistry Practical Manual* by Soundravsally Rajendiran & Pooja Dhiman, ELSEVIER
5. *Laboratory handbook on Biochemistry* by S. Shanmugam, T. SathishKumar, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi
6. *Laboratory Manual of biochemistry* by Joy P P, Surya S. and Aswathy C. Kerala Agricultural University
7. *Lab Workbook*, Ushwantrao Chavan Maharashtra Open University
8. *Laboratory Protocols in Applied Life Sciences*, Bisen, CRC

Cell Biology and Immunology

1. To study Plant cell, animal cell and bacterial cell
2. To identify the nucleus and nucleolus in onion peel using Toluidine blue
3. Simple staining and negative staining
4. Gram's staining and acid fast staining
5. Special staining: cell wall staining, capsule staining, spore staining



6. To study metachromatic granules in bacteria
7. To study metachromasia by toluidine blue in bone marrow of chicken
8. To isolate liver parenchyma cells and perform viability count (trypan blue exclusion test for cell viability)
9. To isolate chloroplast fraction of the plant cells (spinach) by density gradient centrifugation method
10. To isolate nuclear and mitochondrial fractions of the cells by density gradient centrifugation method and staining by Schiff's reagent & Jenus green-B
11. To perform differential count in human blood smear
12. To perform Total White Blood cell (WBC) and Red Blood Cells (RBC) in human blood
13. To study different phases of mitosis in onion root tip by squash preparation
14. To identify the presence of Barr body in the female buccal epithelial cells
15. Widal test for Typhoid detection/VDRL test for Syphilis (kit)
16. HIV detection test (kit)
17. Malarial parasite detection (kit)

References:

1. *Microbiology A laboratory manual*, by James Cappuccino and Natalie Sherman, Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd.
2. *Introductory Practical Biochemistry*, Narosa Publishing House.
3. *Life Sciences Protocol manual*, DBT Star College Scheme, 2018
4. *Laboratory manual for Biotechnology* By, Ashish Verma, Surjit Das & Anchal Singh, S, Chand

Instrumentation technique and Biostatistics

1. Validation and Calibration of Balance, pH meter, Centrifuge, Spectrophotometer, laminar air flow, Autoclave, incubator, ion analyser etc. instruments.
2. Exposure to the different imaging techniques
3. Microscopy: Fluorescence, Phase contrast, bright field etc.
4. Flame photometry
5. Atomic absorbance Spectrophotometer (AAS) (Demonstration)
6. Separation of sugar/ fatty acid by Thin Layer Chromatography
7. High performance Thin Layer Chromatography (HPTLC)
8. High performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)
9. Gas Chromatography- Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS)
10. Gel-filtration/ Column Chromatography
11. SDS-PAGE analysis of protein
12. ELISA
13. **Statistical experiments based on the manual and computer:** Descriptive Statistics, t- test, ANOVA, Chi square, Regression, Correlation
14. Graphical representation

Reference Books

1. *Laboratory manual for Biotechnology* By, Ashish Verma, Surjit Das & Anchal Singh, S, Chand
2. *Introductory Practical Biochemistry*, Narosa Publishing House
3. *Laboratory manual in Biochemistry*, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers



4. *A manual for Biochemistry Protocol* by Marcus R Wenk, World Scientific.
5. *Biostatistics and Microbiology- A survival Manual* by Daryl S. Paulson, Springer

Developmental Biology and Physiology

1. Renal profile
2. Cardiac profile
3. Liver profile
4. Stress response in animals
5. Stress response in microbes
6. Stress response in plants: rate of photosynthesis under different conditions
7. Observation of various developmental stages in animal
8. Sperm viability test
9. Observation of various developmental stages in plants
10. Artificial pollination by emasculation (bagging method)
11. Pollen germination and viability test
12. Demonstration the phenomenon of osmosis using potato osmoscope.
13. Measurement of diffusion pressure and osmotic pressure in plant cell.
14. To study the evolution of Oxygen by isolated chloroplast using Hill oxidants
15. Qualitative and quantitative determinations of alkaloids, terpenoids, and phenolics in plants
16. To find out stomatal Index in various stress condition
17. To study symbiotic and non-symbiotic bacteria from Rhizosphere.
18. The respiration of mitochondria and oxidative phosphorylation
19. Bacterial growth curve

Reference Books

1. *Biochemistry Practical Manual* by Soundravsally Rajendiran & Pooja Dhiman, ELSEVIER
2. *Experiments in Plant Physiology: A Laboratory Manual*, Narosa
3. *An introduction to practical Biochemistry* by David T Plummer, Tata McGraw Hill



VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-201	Semester	II
Evolution and Genetics			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-201: EVOLUTION AND GENETICS

Learning Objective and Outcomes:

The course concentrate on understanding of origin, evolutionary mechanism and genetics aspects of life. The aim of the course is to provide students with a deeper insight into the evolutionary processes. On completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO 1** Describe the origin, evolutionary mechanism of life forms.
- **CO 2** Student will be correlate the evolution processes with behavior biology, palaeontology and molecular biology.
- **CO 3** Student will be explain the traditional to modern aspects with practical application in genetics.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						

Unit I

- 1.1 **Emergence of evolutionary thoughts Lamarck:** Darwin-concepts of variation, adaptation, struggle, fitness and natural selection; Mendelism; Spontaneity of mutations; The evolutionary synthesis.
- 1.2 **Origin of cells and unicellular evolution:** Origin of basic biological molecules; Abiotic synthesis of organic monomers and polymers; Concept of Oparin and Haldane; Experiment of Miller (1953); The first cell; Evolution of prokaryotes;
- 1.3 **Origin of eukaryotic cells:** Evolution of unicellular eukaryotes; Anaerobic metabolism, photosynthesis and aerobic metabolism.
- 1.4 **Paleontology and Evolutionary History:** The evolutionary time scale; Eras, periods and epoch; Major events in the evolutionary time scale; Origins of unicellular and multi cellular organisms; Major groups of plants and animals; Stages in primate evolution including Homo.

Reference Books

1. *Evolution third edition, Mark Ridley, Blackwell Publishing*



2. *Evolution*, Strickberger, Monroe W, Jones & Bartlett Publishers, Inc.
3. *Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology*, Verma and Agarwa, S. Chand
4. *Biology*, Raven and Johnson, 2013, McGraw Hill India publication
5. *Life: The Science of Biology*, William, W. H. Freeman
6. *Campbell Biology*, Jane B. Reece, Pearson Benjamin Cummings

Unit II

- 2.1 **Molecular Evolution:** Concepts of neutral evolution, molecular divergence and molecular clocks; Molecular tools in phylogeny, classification and identification; Protein and nucleotide sequence analysis; origin of new genes and proteins; Gene duplication and divergence.
- 2.2 **The Mechanisms:** Population genetics – Populations, Gene pool, Gene frequency; Hardy-Weinberg Law; concepts and rate of change in gene frequency through natural selection, migration and random genetic drift; Adaptive radiation; Isolating mechanisms; Speciation; Allopatricity and Sympatricity; Convergent evolution; Sexual selection; Co-evolution.
- 2.3 **Brain and Evolution:** Approaches and methods in study of behavior; Proximate and ultimate causation; Altruism and evolution-Group selection, Kin selection, Reciprocal altruism; Neural basis of learning, memory, cognition, sleep and arousal; Biological clocks;
- 2.4 **Behavior and Evolution:** Development of behavior; Social communication; Social dominance; Use of space and territoriality; Mating systems, Parental investment and Reproductive success; Parental care; Aggressive behavior; Habitat selection and optimality in foraging; Migration, orientation and navigation; Domestication and behavioral changes.

Reference Books

1. *Evolution third edition*, Mark Ridley, Blackwell Publishing
2. *Evolution*, Strickberger, Monroe W, Jones & Bartlett Publishers, Inc.
3. *Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology*, Verma and Agarwa, S. Chand
4. *Biology*, Raven and Johnson, 2013, McGraw Hill India publication
5. *Life: The Science of Biology*, William, W. H. Freeman
6. *Campbell Biology*, Jane B. Reece, Pearson Benjamin Cummings

Unit III

- 3.1 **Mendelian principles:** Dominance, segregation, independent assortment, Concept of gene: Allele, multiple alleles, pseudoallele, complementation tests, Extensions of Mendelian principles: Codominance, incomplete dominance, gene interactions, pleiotropy, genomic imprinting, penetrance and expressivity, phenocopy, linkage and crossing over, sex linkage, sex limited and sex influenced characters.
- 3.2 **Gene mapping methods:** Linkage maps, tetrad analysis, mapping with molecular markers, mapping by using somatic cell hybrids, development of mapping population in plants.
- 3.3 **Extra chromosomal inheritance:** Inheritance of Mitochondrial and chloroplast genes, maternal inheritance.
- 3.4 **Microbial genetics:** Methods of genetic transfers- transformation, conjugation, transduction and sex-duction, mapping genes by interrupted mating, fine structure analysis of genes.



Reference Books

1. *Molecular biology of the Gene*, Watson, Person
2. *Principle of Genetics*, Tamrine, Tata McGraw Hill
3. *Genetics A Conceptual Approach*, Benjamin A. Pierce, WH Freeman
4. *Genetics*, Karvita B. Ahluwalia, New Age
5. *Concepts of Genetics*, Klug, Cummings, Spence, Person
6. *Genetics*, Strickberger, Person
7. *Principles of Genetics*, Gardner, Wiley
8. *Molecular Genetics of Bacteria*, Larry Snyder, Wendy Champness, American Society for Microbiology
9. *Microbial Genetics Paperback*, Chaudhuri. The Energy and Resources Institute, TERI
10. *Genetic analysis: An Integrated Approach* by Mark F Sanders, Pearson Education

Unit IV

- 4.1 **Human genetics:** Pedigree analysis, LOD score for linkage testing, karyotypes, genetic disorders.
- 4.2 **Quantitative genetics:** Polygenic inheritance, heritability and its measurements, QTL mapping.
- 4.3 **Mutation:** Types, causes and detection, mutant types- lethal, conditional, biochemical, loss of function, gain of function, germinal verses somatic mutants, insertional mutagenesis; Structural and numerical alterations of chromosomes: Deletion, duplication, inversion, translocation, ploidy and their genetic implications.
- 4.4 **Recombination:** Homologous and non-homologous recombination including transposition.

Reference Books

1. *Molecular biology of the Gene*, Watson, Person
2. *Principle of Genetics*, Tamrine, Tata McGraw Hill
3. *Genetics A Conceptual Approach*, Benjamin A. Pierce, WH Freeman
4. *Genetics*, Karvita B. Ahluwalia, New Age
5. *Concepts of Genetics*, Klug, Cummings, Spence, Person
6. *Genetics*, Strickberger, Person
7. *Principles of Genetics*, Gardner, Wiley
8. *Molecular Genetics of Bacteria*, Larry Snyder, Wendy Champness, American Society for Microbiology
9. *Microbial Genetics Paperback*, Chaudhuri, The Energy and Resources Institute, TERI
10. *Genetic analysis: An Integrated Approach* by Mark F Sanders, Pearson Education



VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-202	Semester	II
Molecular Biology and Recombinant DNA Methods			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-202: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND RECOMBINANT DNA METHODS

Learning Objective and Outcomes:

The subject offers the in-depth knowledge of the concepts, tools, techniques and process related to Molecular biology and recombinant DNA technology with respect to prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell

- **CO 1** Student will able to understand central dogma of life and compare the molecular biological processes among prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell.
- **CO 2** Student will able to describe and apply the recombinant DNA technology
- **CO 3** Student will able to explain the quantification, decoding, cloning and modification of gene and genome

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						

Unit I

- 1.1 **Prokaryotic replication system:**Semiconservative nature of replication; Bacterial Replication
- 1.2 **Eukaryotic Archaeal replication system**Eukaryotic and Archaeal DNA Replication; Breakage, Alignment, and Repair of DNA Strands
- 1.3 **Transcription:**An Early RNA World, The Structure of RNA, Classes of RNA, Synthesis of an RNA Molecule from a DNA Template; Bacterial Transcription; Eukaryotic and Archaeal Transcription
- 1.4 **Translation:** RNA Molecules and RNA Processing: capping, elongation, and termination, RNA processing, RNA editing, splicing, and polyadenylation

Reference Books

1. *Molecular Biology*, Robert F. Weaver, McGraw-Hill Higher Education
2. *LIR: Cell and Molecular Biology*, Chandar, Wolters Kluwer India Pvt. Ltd.
3. *Essentials of Molecular Biology*, Malathi, Person



4. *Cell and Molecular Biology*, S.C. Rastogi, New Age international
5. *Genes IX* Benjamin Lewin, Jones and Barlett
6. *Genetics A Conceptual Approach- 5th Ed.* Benjamin A. Pierce
7. *Principle of Genetics*, Tamrine, Tata McGraw Hill
8. *Fundamentals of Molecular Biology – Jayanta K. Pal and Saroj S. Ghaskadbi*
9. *Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology*, Verma & Agarwa, S. Chand
10. *Molecular biology of the gene*, Watson, Pearson

Unit II

- 2.1 **Protein synthesis and processing:** Ribosome, formation of initiation complex, initiation factors and their regulation, elongation and elongation factors, termination, genetic code, aminoacylation of tRNA, tRNA-identity, aminoacyltRNAsynthetase, and translational proof-reading, translational inhibitors,
- 2.2 **Protein modification:** Post- translational modification of proteins.
- 2.3 **Viral Prokaryotic Gene expression control :** Control of gene expression at transcription and translation level for prokaryotes; regulating the expression of phages, viruses
- 2.4 **Eukaryotic gene expression control:** Control of gene expression at transcription and translation level for eukaryotes

Reference Books

1. *Molecular Biology*, Robert F. Weaver, McGraw-Hill Higher Education
2. *LIR: Cell and Molecular Biology*, Chandar, Wolters Kluwer India Pvt. Ltd.
3. *Essentials of Molecular Biology*, Malathi, Person
4. *Cell and Molecular Biology*, S.C. Rastogi, New Age international
5. *Genes IX* Benjamin Lewin, Jones and Barlett
6. *Genetics A Conceptual Approach- 5th Ed.* Benjamin A. Pierce
7. *Principle of Genetics*, Tamrine, Tata McGraw Hill
8. *Fundamentals of Molecular Biology – Jayanta K. Pal and Saroj S. Ghaskadbi*
9. *Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology*, Verma & Agarwa, S. Chand
10. *Molecular biology of the gene*, Watson, Pearson

Unit III

- 3.1 **Gene isolation:** Isolation and amplification of specific nucleic acid sequences, PCR, RT-PCR and qPCR.
- 3.2 **Enzymes for R DNA technology:** Enzymes used in Recombinant DNA technology; Analysis of DNA polymorphism: RFLP, RAPD and AFLP techniques.
 - 3.2.1 **Vector:** Vector used in Gene cloning: Plasmid, Bacteriophage, M13, Yeast cloning vector, Other Vectors.
 - 3.2.2 **Chimeric DNA and Transformation:** Joining of DNA fragment, Introduction of DNA in host cell.

Reference Books

1. *Principles of Genome Analysis and Genomics*, Sandy B. Primrose, Wiley-Blackwell
2. *Principles of Gene Manipulation*, Sandy B. Primrose, Wiley-Blackwell
3. *Genetic Engineering – Smita Rastogi and Neelam Pathak*
4. *Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis*, T. A. Brown, Wiley-Blackwell
5. *Analysis of Genes and Genomes*, Richard J. Reece, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd
6. *Genetic Engineering*, Verma P.S., S Chand & Company
7. *An Introduction to Genetic Engineering*, Nicholl, Cambridge University Press
8. *Genetic Engineering*, Sandhya Mitra, McGraw Hill Education
9. *Recombinant Dna Technology and Genetic Engineering Paperback*, K Rajagopa, McGraw Hill Education



10. Recombinant DNA Technology, Keya Chaudhuri, The Energy and Resources Institute, TERI

Unit IV

4.1 **Library preparation:**Construction of Genomic and cDNA library; Techniques for selection, screening and characterization of transformants.

4.2 **Expression:**Methods for analysis of gene expression at RNA and protein level, large scale expression, such as micro array based techniques.

4.3 **Mutagenesis:***In vitro* mutagenesis and deletion techniques, gene knock out in bacterial and eukaryotic organisms.

4.4 **Application:**Genomics and its application to health and agriculture, including genetherapy.

Reference Books

1. Principles of Genome Analysis and Genomics, Sandy B. Primrose, Wiley-Blackwell
2. Principles of Gene Manipulation, Sandy B. Primrose, Wiley-Blackwell
3. Genetic Engineering – Smita Rastogi and Neelam Pathak
4. Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis, T. A. Brown, Wiley-Blackwell
5. Analysis of Genes and Genomes, Richard J. Reece, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd
6. Genetic Engineering, Verma P.S., S Chand & Company
7. An Introduction to Genetic Engineering, Nicholl, Cambridge University Press
8. Genetic Engineering, Sandhya Mitra., McGraw Hill Education
9. Recombinant DNA Technology and Genetic Engineering Paperback, K Rajagopa, McGraw Hill
10. Education
11. Recombinant DNA Technology, Keya Chaudhuri, The Energy and Resources Institute, TERI

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-203	Semester	II
Diversity and Ecology			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-203: DIVERSITY AND ECOLOGY

Learning Objective and Outcomes:

The course provides the Biodiversity concept and details information of ecology, taxonomy and natural history of Indian subcontinent. The subject elicit the interest of student regarding the nature conservation, natural biodiversity and environmental legislation of India

- **CO 1** Student shall get the information of natural flora, fauna of the world and India with current status of the population dynamics, the human intervention on ecosystem and community.
- **CO 2** Student will get the fundamental knowledge about the applied ecology and its application in conservation biology and sustainable development.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						



CO2

Unit I

- 1.1 **Principles & methods of taxonomy:** Concepts of species and hierarchical taxa, biological nomenclature, classical & quantitative methods of taxonomy of plants, animals and microorganisms.
- 1.2 **Levels of structural organization:** Unicellular, colonial and multicellular forms. Levels of organization of tissues, organs & systems. Comparative anatomy, adaptive radiation, adaptive modifications.
- 1.3 **Outline classification of plants, animals & microorganisms:** Important criteria used for classification in each taxon. Classification of plants, animals and microorganisms. Evolutionary relationships among taxa.
- 1.4 **Natural history of Indian subcontinent:** Major habitat types of the subcontinent, geographic origins and migrations of species. Common Indian mammals, birds. Seasonality and phenology of the subcontinent.

Reference Books

1. *Biodiversity: Perception, Peril and Preservation* Prabodh K. Maiti, PHI Learning Private Limited
2. *The Bio-Diversity of India*, Erach Bharucha, Grantha Corporation
3. *Biogeography and Biodiversity*, R. B. Singh, Rawat Pubns
4. *An Introduction to Biodiversity*, Prithipalsingh, Ane books
5. *An Advanced Textbook on Biodiversity*, K. V. Krishnamurthy
6. *Biodiversity Measurement and estimation*, Hawksworth, Chapman

Unit II

- 2.1 **Organisms of health & agricultural importance:** Common parasites and pathogens of humans, domestic animals and crops.
- 2.2 **Organisms of conservation concern:** Rare, endangered species. Conservation strategies.
- 2.3 **Methods in field biology:** Methods of estimating population density of animals and plants, ranging patterns through direct, indirect and remote observations, sampling methods in the study of behavior, habitat characterization: ground and remote sensing methods.
- 2.4 **Biodiversity:** Bioresource and uses of biodiversity, pollution and environment related law, EIA

Reference Books

1. *Biodiversity: Perception, Peril and Preservation* Prabodh K. Maiti, PHI Learning Private Limited
2. *The Bio-Diversity of India*, Erach Bharucha, Grantha Corporation
3. *Biogeography and Biodiversity*, R. B. Singh, Rawat Pubns
4. *An Introduction to Biodiversity*, Prithipalsingh, Ane books
5. *An Advanced Textbook on Biodiversity*, K. V. Krishnamurthy
6. *Biodiversity Measurement and estimation*, Hawksworth, Chapman
7. *Environmental Sciences* C Santra

Unit III



- 3.1 **The Environment:** Physical environment; biotic environment; biotic and abiotic interactions. Habitat and Niche: Concept of habitat and niche; niche width and overlap; fundamental and realized niche; resource partitioning; character displacement.
- 3.2 **Population Ecology:** Characteristics of a population; population growth curves; population regulation; life history strategies (r and K selection); concept of metapopulation – demes and dispersal, interdemec extinctions, age structured populations.
- 3.3 **Species Interactions:** Types of interactions, interspecific competition, herbivory, carnivory, pollination, symbiosis.
- 3.4 **Community Ecology:** Nature of communities; community structure and attributes; levels of species diversity and its measurement; edges and ecotones.

Reference Books

1. *Fundamentals of Ecology*, Eugene Odum, Cengage
2. *Concepts of Ecology*, Kormondy Edward, Pearson Education
3. *Elements of Ecology*, Smith, Pearson Education
4. *Fundamentals of Ecology and Environmental Biology*, S. C. Santra
5. *Essentials of Ecology and Environmental Science*, Rana, PHI
6. *Ecology: he Experimental Analysis of Distribution and Abundance*, Person
7. *The Ecology Book (Big Ideas Simply Explained)*,DK, DK publication
8. *Fundamentals of Ecology*, M. Dash, McGraw Hill Education
9. *Ecology: Concepts and Applications*, Manuel C Molles, McGraw-Hill Higher Education
10. *First Ecology*, Alan, Oxford
11. *Ecology and Environment*, PD Sharma, Rastogi Publications

Unit IV

- 4.1 **Ecological Succession:** Types; mechanisms; changes involved in succession; concept of climax.
- 4.2 **Ecosystem Ecology:** Ecosystem structure; ecosystem function; energy flow and mineral cycling (C, N, and P); primary production and decomposition; structure and function of some Indian ecosystems: terrestrial (forest, grassland) and aquatic (fresh water, marine, eustarine).
- 4.3 **Biogeography:** Major terrestrial biomes; theory of island biogeography; biogeographical zones of India.
- 4.4 **Applied Ecology:** Environmental pollution; global environmental change; biodiversity: status, monitoring and documentation; major drivers of biodiversity change; biodiversity management approaches; Conservation Biology: Principles of conservation, major approaches to management, Indian case studies on conservation/management strategy (Project Tiger, Biosphere reserves).Bioremediation and phytoremediation

Reference Books

1. *Fundamentals of Ecology*, Eugene Odum, Cengage
2. *Concepts of Ecology*, Kormondy Edward, Pearson Education
3. *Elements of Ecology*, Smith, Pearson Education
4. *Fundamentals of Ecology and Environmental Biology*, S. C. Santra
5. *Essentials of Ecology and Environmental Science*, Rana, PHI
6. *Ecology: he Experimental Analysis of Distribution and Abundance*, Person
7. *The Ecology Book (Big Ideas Simply Explained)*,DK, DK publication
8. *Fundamentals of Ecology*, M. Dash, McGraw Hill Education
9. *Ecology: Concepts and Applications*, Manuel C Molles, McGraw-Hill Higher Education
10. *First Ecology*, Alan, Oxford



VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-204	Semester	II
Bioinformatics, IPR, Biosafety & Bioethics			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-204: BIOINFORMATICS, IPR, BIOSAFETY & BIOETHICS

Learning Objective and Outcomes:

The most valuable knowledge need to learn the student is the moral values and ethics along with the gaining of the knowledge of the interdisciplinary subject. The course provide the information and knowledge of the IPR, Biosafety and B

- **CO 1** Student will be utilized the available biological database, online resources and tools.
- **CO 2** Student will be able to understand and perform the bimolecular structure visualization, sequences alignment, modelling and drug discovery
- **CO 3** Student will be able to understand the regulation and importance of IPR and patent along with the ethical concern
- **CO 4** Student will be able to understand the Biosafety requirement and practice it during his/her practical and research work

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						
CO4						

Unit I

- 1.1 **Major Bioinformatics Resources:** Sequence databases, Gene Expression database: GEO, SAGE, 3D Structure Database: PDB, NDB, Knowledge driven Databases & utility, Pattern Sequence: InterPro, Prosite, Pfam, ProDom, Gene Ontology.
- 1.2 **Database Searches:** Keyword-based searches using tools like ENTREZ and SRS
Sequence-based searches: BLAST and FASTA.



- 1.3 **Sequence Analysis, Basic concepts:** Sequence similarity, identity and similarity, definitions of homologues, orthologues, paralogues, Tandem and Interspersed repeats, repeat finding, Scoring Matrix, Pairwise sequence alignments
- 1.4 **Multiple alignment:** Multiple sequence alignments(MSA), Application in Taxonomy and phylogeny, Comparative genomics.

Reference Books

1. *Bioinformatics: Principles and Applications*, Zhumur Ghosh, Oxford
2. *Bioinformatics*, Orengo, Advanced Text
3. *Introduction to genomics*, Arthur Lesk, Oxford
4. *Bioinformatics*, Ratogi, PHI
5. *Bioinformatics* Bosu, Oxford
6. *Introduction to Bioinformatics Paperback*, Lesk, Oxford
7. *Introduction to Bioinformatics*, Teresa Attwood, Pearson Education
8. *Essential bioinformatics*, Jin Xiong, Cambridge University Press
9. *Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis*, Mount, CBS

Unit II

- 2.1 **Structural Biology:** 3-D structure visualization and simulation, Basic concepts in molecular modeling: different types of computer representations of molecules. External coordinates and Internal Coordinates, Molecular Mechanics, Force fields etc.
- 2.2 **Proteins:** Secondary structure elucidation using Peptide bond, phi, psi and chi torsion angles, Ramachandran map, anatomy of proteins – Hierarchical organization of protein structure –like CATH, SCOP, FSSP; DNA & RNA secondary and tertiary structures, t-RNA tertiary structure.
- 2.3 **Classification and comparison of protein 3D structures:** Secondary structure prediction: Algorithms viz. Chou Fasman, GOR methods, Tertiary Structure prediction: Fundamentals of the methods for 3D structure prediction (sequence similarity/identity of target proteins of known structure, fundamental principles of protein folding etc.) Homology/comparative modeling, fold recognition, threading approaches, and *ab initio* structure prediction methods. CASP. Computational design of Promoters, Proteins & Enzymes
- 2.4 **Application in drug design:** Chemical databases like NCI/PUBCHEM. Fundamentals of Receptor-ligand interactions. Structure-based drug design: Identification and Analysis of Binding sites and virtual screening. Ligand based drug design: Structure Activity Relationship – QSARs & Pharmacophore etc. *In silico* predictions of drug activity and ADMET.

Reference Books

1. *Bioinformatics: Principles and Applications*, Zhumur Ghosh, Oxford
2. *Bioinformatics*, Orengo, Advanced Text
3. *Introduction to genomics*, Arthur Lesk, Oxford
4. *Bioinformatics*, Ratogi, PHI
5. *Bioinformatics* Bosu, Oxford
6. *Introduction to Bioinformatics Paperback*, Lesk, Oxford
7. *Introduction to Bioinformatics*, Teresa Attwood, Pearson Education



8. *Essential bioinformatics, Jin Xiong, Cambridge University Press*

9. *Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, Mount, CBS*

Unit III

- 3.1 **IP:** Types of IP Patents, Trademarks, Copyright & Related Rights, Industrial Design, Traditional Knowledge, Geographical Indications, Protection of New GMOs; International framework for the protection of IP. IP as a factor in R&D; IPs of relevance to Biotechnology and few Case Studies; Introduction to History of GATT, WTO, WIPO and TRIPS.
- 3.2 **Patent Databases:** Invention in context of “prior art”; Patent databases; Searching International Databases; Country-wise patent searches (USPTO, EPO, India etc.); Analysis and report formation.
- 3.3 **Patent Types:** Types of patents; Indian Patent Act 1970; Recent Amendments; Filing of a patent application; Precautions before patenting-disclosure/non-disclosure; WIPO Treaties; Budapest Treaty; PCT and Implications; Role of a Country Patent Office; Procedure for filing a PCT application.
- 3.4 **Patent Application:** Patent application- forms and guidelines, fee structure, time frames; Types of patent applications: provisional and complete specifications; PCT and convention patent applications; International patenting-requirement, procedures and costs; Financial assistance for patenting-introduction to existing schemes; Publication of patents-gazette of India, status in Europe and US Patenting by research students, lecturers and scientists-University/organizational rules in India and abroad, credit sharing by workers, financial incentives, Patent infringement- meaning, scope, litigation, case studies and examples.

Reference Books

1. *IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics, Goel and Parashar, Person*
2. *A Book on Indian Patenting System and Patent Agent Examination, Sheetal Chopra, Notion Press*
3. *A Book on Indian Patenting System and Patent Agent Examination, Sheetal Chopra, Notion Press*
4. *Fundamentals of Intellectual Property Rights: For Students, Industrialist and Patent Lawyers, Anil Kumar, Ramakrishna, Notion Press*
5. *Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs): TRIPS Agreement & Indian Laws, E. T. Lokganathan, New Century Publications*
6. *How to Patent an Idea in India, Prasad Karhad*
7. *Building Biotechnology: Biotechnology Business, Regulations, Patents, Law, Policy and Science Paperback, Yali Friedman, Logos Press*



Unit IV

- 4.1 **Biosafety fundamentals:** Introduction; Historical Background; Introduction to Biological Safety Cabinets; Primary Containment for Biohazards; Biosafety Levels; Biosafety Levels of Specific Microorganisms; Recommended Biosafety Levels for Infectious Agents and Infected Animals;
- 4.2 **Biosafety regulation :** Biosafety guidelines-Government of India; Definition of GMOs & LMOs; Roles of Institutional Biosafety Committee, RCGM, GEAC etc. for GMO applications in food and agriculture; Environmental release of GMOs; Risk Analysis; Risk Assessment; Risk management and communication; Overview of National Regulations and relevant International Agreements including Cartagena Protocol. Transgenic animals and plants, molecular approaches to diagnosis and strain identification.
- 4.3 **Bioethics:** Concepts; Philosophical considerations; Epistemology of Science; Ethical Terms; Principles & Theories; Relevance to Biotechnology; Ethics and the Law Issues: Genetic Engineering, Stem Cells, Cloning, Medical techniques, Trans-humanism, Bioweapons; Research concerns - Animal Rights, Ethics of Human Cloning, Reproduction and Stem Cell Research;
- 4.4 **Emerging issues:** Biotechnology's Impact on Society; DNA on the Witness Stand - Use of genetic evidence in civil and criminal court cases; Challenges to Public Policy – To Regulate or Not to Regulate; Improving public understanding of biotechnology products to correct misconceptions.

Reference Books

1. *IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics*, Goel And Parashar, Person
2. *Bioethics and Biosafety* M.K. Sateesh, I K International Publishing House
3. *Fundamentals of Intellectual Property Rights: For Students, Industrialist and Patent Lawyers*, Anil Kumar, Ramakrishna, Notion Press
4. *Biosafety and Regulation for Genetically Modified Organisms*, Xue, Ipha Science International Ltd
5. *Building Biotechnology: Biotechnology Business, Regulations, Patents, Law, Policy and Science* Paperback, Yali Friedman, Logos Press



VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-205	Semester	II
Practical Based on BIOS-201 to 204			
Course type	Practical	Total Credit	08
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Practical (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
16/week	60	140	200

The Course mainly emphasize on practical skill cell biology, biochemistry, Instrumentation, environmental sample analysis.

- **CO 1** Ability to apply basic principles of chemistry to biological systems and molecular biology.
- **CO 2** Ability to relate various interrelated physiological and metabolic events.
- **CO 3** A general awareness of current developments at the forefront in biochemistry and allied subjects.
- **CO 4** Ability to critically evaluate a problem and resolve to challenge blindly accepted concepts.
- **CO 5** Zeal and ability to work safely and effectively in a laboratory.
- **CO 6** Good experimental and quantitative skills encompassing preparation of laboratory
- **CO 7** Reagents, conducting experiments, satisfactory analyses of data and interpretation of results.
- **CO 8** Awareness of resources, and their conservation.
- **CO 9** Ability to think laterally and in an integrating manner and develop interdisciplinary approach.
- **CO 10** Overall knowledge of the avenues for research and higher academic achievements in the field of biochemistry and allied subjects.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						
CO4						
CO5						
CO6						
CO7						
CO8						
CO9						
CO10						



BIOS 205: Practical based on paper 201 to 204

Following are the indicative list of the experiments. Changes can be done depending upon the departmental need and availability of the resources

Evolution and Genetics

1. Fossils study
2. Mendelian genetics
3. Chromosome banding techniques
4. Study of polytene chromosome in larva
5. A study of Lampbrush chromosome
6. To perform Peripheral Blood Lymphocyte Culture (PBLC) and to observe metaphase chromosomes by wet-dry preparation
7. To perform Micronucleus Assay
8. MTT Assay
9. Petite mutant in yeast
10. Fluctuation test
11. Conditional mutation
12. UV Mutagenesis in *E. coli*
13. Ames test
14. Isolation of a streptomycin-resistant mutant by gradient plate technique
15. Molecular Phylogenetic analysis

Reference Books

1. *Laboratory manual for Genetic Engineering* by S. John venison, PHI learning Private Ltd.
2. *Life Science Protocol manual DBT, Star College Scheme 2018*
3. *Microbiology – A laboratory Manual* by James Cappuccino and Natalie Sheman, Pearson
4. *Laboratory Protocols in Applied Life Sciences, Bisen, CRC*

Molecular Biology and Recombinant DNA methods

16. Isolation of DNA from Plant
17. Agarose gel electrophoresis
18. RAPD
19. Isolation of DNA from blood
20. Isolation of Bacterial Genomic DNA
21. PCR
22. Amplified rDNA Restriction Analysis (ARDRA)/RFLP
23. Isolation of plasmid vector pUC19 by alkaline lysis method
24. Metagenome isolation
25. Primer design
26. T-A Cloning in bacteria
27. Transformation of vector pUC19 into *E. coli* DH5 alpha and Demonstration of blue-white selection for DH5 alpha and pUC19 vector

Reference Books

1. *Laboratory manual for Genetic Engineering* by S. John venison, PHI learning Private Ltd.
2. *Life Science Protocol manual DBT, Star College Scheme 2018*
3. *Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique and Specialized Applications* by R. Ian Freshney
4. *Microbiology – A laboratory Manual* by James Cappuccino and Natalie Sheman, Pearson



Diversity and Ecology

28. Study of biodiversity by Quadrant analysis
29. Primary productivity in fresh water bodies
30. Construction of Winogradsky column
31. Soil Biofilms by the Buried Slide Technique
32. Biological analysis of water (MNP, BOD, SPC)
33. Biological analysis of Soil i.e. total viable count
34. Physico-chemical analysis of water
35. Physico-chemical analysis of Soil
36. Air quality study
37. Cultivation and isolation of Microorganisms (Bacteria, fungi, Mushroom etc.)
38. Carbon Credit and foot print

Reference Books

1. *Laboratory Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular Biology* by Jyoti Saxena et al, Scientific publication India
2. *Microbiology – A laboratory Manual* by James Cappuccino and Natalie Sheman, Pearson
3. *IS manuals*
4. *Guide manual water and wastewater analysis*, Central Pollution Control Board
5. *American Public Health Association*
6. *Handbook of soil analysis* by Marc Pansu, Jacques Gautheyrou, Springer
7. *Hand Book of Water, Air and Soil Analysis*, Anand Dev Gupta, International E - Publication

Bioinformatics, IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics

39. Biological databases search
40. Sequence alignments
41. Protein structure prediction
42. Molecular Docking
43. QSAR study
44. Genomes annotation
45. Proteomics database search
46. Patent database search
47. Diversity indices calculation by PAST
48. GMO detection using cotton seeds

Reference Books

1. *Practicals in Bioinformatics*, P. Shanmughavel, Pointer Publishers
2. *Bioinformatics: A Practical Manual* Kasturi K (Author), K. Sri Lakshmi, PharmaMed Press
3. *Current protocol*, wiley.com
4. *Cold Spring Harbor Protocols*



Syllabus

M. Sc. Bioscience (Zoology) Sem. III and IV

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

w.e.f. June 2020



**Department of Biosciences
Veer Narmad South Gujarat University, Surat**



M. Sc. Bioscience (Zoology) Semester- III							
Subject Code	Subject Title	Theory Hours/week	Practical Hours/week	External Marks	Internal Marks	Total Marks	Credit
Bios-(Z)-301	Structure and Function in Invertebrates and Vertebrates	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-(Z)-302	Histology and Histochemistry	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-(Z)-303	Animal Taxonomy, Wildlife and Conservation	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-(Z)-304	Animal Biotechnology	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-(Z)-305	Practical Based on Bios-(Z)-301 to 304	-	16	140	60	200	8
Total		16	16	420	180	600	24

M. Sc. Bioscience (Zoology) Semester- IV							
Subject Code	Subject Title	Theory Hours/week	Practical Hours/week	External Marks	Internal Marks	Total Marks	Credit
Bios-(Z)-401	Applied Reproductive Biology	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-(Z)-402	Applied Zoology	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-(Z)-403	Research Methodology	4	-	70	30	100	4
Bios-(Z)-404	Dissertation/ Training	-	12	105	45	150	6
Bios-(Z)-405	Practical Based on Bios-(Z)-401 to 403	-	12	105	45	150	6



Total		12	24	420	180	600	24
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VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-(Z)-301	Semester	III (Zoology)
Structure and Function in Invertebrates and Vertebrates			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-(Z)-301 Structure and Function in Invertebrates and Vertebrates

Learning Objective and Course Outcomes:

The Course mainly emphasize on study of various vertebrate and invertebrate animal phyla. It will enrich the knowledge about various mode of nutrition respiration, excretion, reproduction in various animal phyla.

- **CO 1** Understand the structure and organization of invertebrate and vertebrate animals.
- **CO 2** Explain modifications in various functions of animals during transition from invertebrates to vertebrates.
- **CO 3** Discuss the significance of various modifications in the body systems according to environment.
- **CO 4** Discuss the various mode of respiration, excretion, reproduction in invertebrates and vertebrates.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						
CO4						

Unit-I

- 1.1 Protozoa: Locomotion, nutrition, patterns of feeding and digestion, reproduction
- 1.2 Porifera: Skeleton, canal system and reproduction.
- 1.3 Cnidaria: Polymorphism, defensive structures and their mechanism; coral reefs and their formation; metagenesis, locomotion,
- 1.4 Platyhelminthes and Nematelminthes: Parasitic adaptation; general features and life history of Fasciola, Taenia, Ascaris and Wuchereria and their pathogenic symptoms.

Ref:

1. *Invertebrate structure and function E, J.W.Barrington*
2. *Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, Nelson, WH free Man*



3. *Biochemistry Dr. C. B. Powar Dr. G.R. Chatwal, Himlaya Publishing House*
4. *Invertebrate zoology by Jordan and Verma*

UNIT-II

- 2.1 Annelida: Coelom and metamerism; modes of life in polychaetes,
- 2.2 Arthropoda: Patterns of reproduction, Larval forms and parasitism in Crustacea; vision and respiration in arthropods; (Prawn, cockroach and scorpion); modification of mouth parts in insects (cockroach, mosquito, housefly, honey bee and butterfly); metamorphosis in insect and its hormonal regulation, social behaviour of Apis and termites. Excretory organs, Circulation and transport.
- 2.3 Mollusca: Feeding, respiration, locomotion, torsion and detorsion in gastropods.
- 2.4 Echinodermata: Feeding, respiration, locomotion, larval forms

Ref:

1. *Invertebrate structure and function E, J.W.Barrington*
2. *Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, Nelson, WH free Man*
3. *Biochemistry Dr. C. B. Powar Dr. G.R. Chatwal, Himlaya Publishing House*
4. *Invertebrate zoology by Jordan and Verma*

Unit-III

- 3.1 Pisces: Respiration; Gills, Air bladder or swim bladder, accessory respiratory organs mechanism of locomotion and fish migration.
- 3.2 Amphibia: Origin of tetrapods, parental care, paedomorphosis.
- 3.3 Reptilia; Origin of reptiles, skull types, status of Sphenodon and crocodiles.
- 3.4 Aves: Origin of birds, Birds as flying machine; various types of flights, migration.

1. *Chordate zoology, Jordan and Verma*
2. *Modern textbook of Zoology (Vertebrates), R L Kotpal*

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Mammalia: Origin of mammals, dentition, general features of egg laying mammals, pouched-mammals, aquatic mammals and primates
- 4.2 endocrine glands (pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal, pancreas) and their interrelationships.
- 4.3 Comparative functional anatomy of various systems of vertebrates (integument and its derivatives, locomotory organs, digestive system, respiratory system).
- 4.4 Comparative functional anatomy of various systems of vertebrates (Excretory system, circulatory system including heart and aortic arches, urino-genital system, brain and sense organs (eye and ear).



Ref:

1. Chordate zoology, Jordan and Verma
2. Modern textbook of Zoology (Vertebrates), R L Kotpal

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-(Z)-302	Semester	III (Zoology)
Histology and Histochemistry			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-(Z)-302 Histology and Histochemistry

Learning Objective and Course Outcomes:

The course is designed to develop experimental techniques in histology and histochemistry. At the end of this course students will be able to process the various animal tissue to localise biological components as well to evaluate the pathological aspects of the tissue. Students will be able to explain principles and various analytical aspect of the techniques.

- CO 1 Knowledge of basic terms in histology.
- CO 2 The student will be able to understand all four types of tissues.
- CO 3 Identify the histological structure and function of various organs.
- CO 4 Explain the location, structure and functions of various organs.
- CO 5 Illustrate the histology of endocrine glands.
- CO 6 Diagrammatically represent the various organs.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						
CO4						
CO5						
CO6						

UNIT-I

- 1.1 Tissue processing; steps involved in tissue preparation, steps in tissue processing; Fixation, Post fixation steps, Microtomy, Staining



- 1.2 Basic microtomy techniques used for Light Microscopy and Electron Microscopy, visualizing of specific molecules, interpretation of structures in tissue sections
- 1.3 Some special chemicals and instruments required in the Light Microscopy and Electron Microscopy; For PAS staining, to label enzyme, to label other biochemical molecules
- 1.4 Enzyme histochemistry and its application and techniques

Ref:

1. *Text book of histology, N.N.Majumdar*
2. *Histology, R.O.Greep*
3. *Basic histology L.C.Junquiera, J.Carbeuro&Cantapoulous, 14th edition*
4. *Inderbir Singh's Text book of Human Histology*

UNIT-2

- 2.1 Histological aspects of epithelial tissue; classification, simple epithelium pseudostratified epithelium, stratified epithelium, basement membrane, projection from cell membrane, functions of connective tissue
- 2.2 Histological aspects of connective tissue; fibres of connective tissue, cells of connective tissue, intracellular ground substance of connective tissue, different forms of connective tissue, functions of connective tissue
- 2.3 Muscle tissue; skeletal muscles, cardiac muscles, smooth muscles, myoepithelial cells.
- 2.4 Nervous tissue; Tissue constituting in nervous system, structure of neurons, neuroglia, synapse, ganglia.

Ref:

1. *Text book of histology, N.N.Majumdar*
2. *Histology, R.O.Greep*
3. *Basic histology L.C.Junquiera, J.Carbeuro&Cantapoulous, 14th edition*
4. *Inderbir Singh's Text book of Human Histology*

UNIT-III

- 3.1 Histological aspects of Digestive system; oral cavity, teeth, tongue, salivary gland, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, colon, rectum, anal canal.
- 3.2 Histological aspects of Respiratory system; common features of nasal passage, nasal cavities, pharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, lungs
- 3.3 Histological aspects of Excretory system; kidney, ureters, urinary bladders, urethra
- 3.4 Histological aspects of male and female reproductive system; ovary, oviduct, uterus, cervix, vagina. External genitalia, mammary gland, testes, intra testicular ducts, excretory genital ducts, accessory glands, penis

Ref:

1. *Text book of histology, N.N.Majumdar*
2. *Histology, R.O.Greep*



3. *Basic histology L.C.Junquiera, J.Carbeuro&Cantapoulous, 14th edition*
4. *Inderbir Singh's Text book of Human Histology*

UNIT -IV

- 4.1 Histological aspects of Circulatory system; heart, tissue of vascular walls, vasculature
- 4.2 Histological aspects of Skin; epidermis, dermis, subcutaneous tissue, hair, nails, skin glands sensory receptors
- 4.3 Histological aspects of some glands; pituitary, adrenal gland, pancreas, thyroid, parathyroid, diffuse neuroendocrine system.
- 4.4 special senses; Eye; structure of eye ball, outer fibrous coat, uvea, retina, lens, accessory visual organs.

Ref:

1. *Text book of histology, N.N.Majumdar*
2. *Histology, R.O.Greep*
3. *Basic histology L.C.Junquiera, J.Carbeuro&Cantapoulous, 14th edition*
4. *Inderbir Singh's Text book of Human Histology*

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-(Z)-303	Semester	III (Zoology)
Animal Taxonomy, Wildlife and Conservation			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-(Z)-303 Animal Taxonomy, Wildlife and Conservation

Learning Objective and Course Outcomes:

This paper is aimed to introducing the students for the salient features of Taxonomy and Evolution.

- **CO 1**Classify animals on the basis of their relation to other animals by body structure, external characters, development and DNA
- **CO 2**Identify diversity of fauna on earth and implement conservation measures to save diversity
- **CO 3**Understand importance of wildlife and conservation measures, National parks and Sanctuaries.
- **CO 4**Will gain knowledge about wildlife crime, laws and other issues related with wildlife trading.
- **CO 5**Will learn about various techniques for the management of wildlife.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
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CO1						
CO2						
CO3						
CO4						
CO5						

UNIT-I

- 1.1 Taxonomy: Basic concepts of biosystematics, taxonomy and classification, taxonomic characters, taxonomic procedure; collection, fixation, preservation,
- 1.2 Process of species identification, Taxonomic keys: different kinds of taxonomic keys, their merits and demerits.
- 1.3 Modern concepts and recent trends of Taxonomy; Chemotaxonomy, Cytotaxonomy, Molecular taxonomy
- 1.4 International Code for Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN): operative principles, interpretation and application of important rules, Type concept: Process of typification of different zoological types, Zoological nomenclature and formation of scientific names of different taxa

Ref:

1. *Principles of systematic Zoology (2 nd Edition) by E. Mayr and P.D. Ashlock*
2. *Evolutionary Biology by Eric C. Mitkoff*
3. *Principles of Animal Taxonomy by G.G. Simpson*
4. *Animal Taxonomy by H.E. Goto*
5. *International Code of Zoological Nomenclature official publication*
6. *A Textbook of Zoology Vol. I by Parker & Haswell (Revised)*

UNIT- II

- 2.1 Wildlife Habitat: components, classification, function and importance. Concept of Biosphere conservation; Overview of Biosphere Reserves of India.
- 2.2 Methods of studying free living animals in their natural habitat: Occurrence records, Transects, Quadrates, Marking; consideration prior to marking, noninvasive marking techniques, invasive marking techniques tagging; ear, wings, other appendages, body and jaws, branding, tissue removal and telemetry in animal ecological studies.
- 2.3 Wildlife Capture & Handling; permit requirement, equipments, observation and trapping techniques; general considerations, bird observing, spotlighting opportunistic observation of scats, tracks and signs predator scat collection call playback nest boxes, rock rolling, searching litter and debris (systematic searching), rock rolling, searching litter and debris (systematic searching) cage traps, elliott traps, vertebrate pitfall traps, hair tubes, ultrasonic detection harp traps, trip lining mist and cannon netting, electrofishing netting
- 2.4 Hygiene, specimens, euthanasia and transport; safety and hygiene, safety and hygiene, euthanasing animals, transport, temporary storage.



Ref:

1. *General Guidelines for Wildlife Capture & Handling, The Centre for Environmental Management (CEM), Federation University Australia*
2. *Wild life marking techniques, Nova J. Silvy, Roel Lopez, Markus Peterson*

UNIT-III

- 3.1 The rise of conservation biology; Introduction, Early conservationists, The emergence of conservation biology as a science, The Rio Summit and Biodiversity Convention 147 Conservation biology and the conservation movement
- 3.2 Selecting protected areas; Introduction, What is a protected area?History of protected area designation, Criteria for measuring conservation value of areas, Practical approaches to protected area designation
- 3.3 Design and management of protected areas; Designing protected areas, Managing protected areas, Management of semi-natural communities, Monitoring change in protected areas
- 3.4 Protecting species. I. In situ conservation; Commonness and rarity among species, Assessing and categorising threat to species from human activity, managing small population, Measuring species decline, Genetic management of small populations, Genetic management of species, Sustainable harvesting of populations
Protecting species. II. Ex situ conservation and reintroduction; What is ex situ conservation and when is it necessary Ex situ conservation of plants, Ex situ conservation of animals: captive breeding, Species reintroduction, Direct species translocation, Population reinforcement

Ref:

1. *Conservation Biology Andrew S. Pullin*
2. *Conservation of Biological Resources by E. J. Milner-Gulland and R. Mace*
3. *The New Face of Environmental Management in India by A. Sawhney*
4. *Wildlife wealth of India by T.C. Majupura*
5. *The biology, ecology and behaviour of endangered species by R.L. Eaton*
6. *Fundamentals of Wildlife management by R. Gopal*
7. *Bology in Theory and Practice by G. Caughley and A. Gunn*

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Wildlife Law Enforcement in India; About TRAFFIC, About WWF-India, An Overview of Wildlife Trade, Wildlife Trade in India, About CITES, Wildlife Crime as Transnational Organised Crime, Internet as a Tool for Illegal Wildlife Trade



- 4.2 Some Methods of Poaching in India, Prevention of Wildlife Offences, Scene of Wildlife Crime, Post-mortem, Weapons of Crime, Intelligence Gathering, maintaining a Criminal Profile Directory, Conducting Interrogation, Securing Electronic Evidence, Some Modes of Concealment of Illegal Wildlife Products, Guidelines for an Arrest, Interpol and the Fight against Wildlife Crime
- 4.3 Major conservation movements in India; Project Tiger, Project Elephant, Project Hangul, Project crocodile, National legislations for protecting wildlife and biological resources; Wildlife Protection Act-1972, Biodiversity Act- 2002
- 4.4 Over view of National parks of Gujarat; Marine National Park, Blackbuck National Park, Gir National Park, Vansda National Park, Overview of Sanctuaries of Gujarat: 23 Sanctuaries

Ref:

1. *Handbook on Wildlife Law Enforcement in India*, Samir Sinha, WWF India, Natraj Publisher
2. *Conservation of Biological Resources* by E. J. Milner-Gulland and R. Mace
3. *The New Face of Environmental Management in India* by A. Sawhney
4. *Wildlife wealth of India* by T.C. Majupura
5. *The biology, ecology and behaviour of endangered species* by R.L. Eaton
6. *Fundamentals of Wildlife management* by R. Gopal
7. *Bology in Theory and Practice* by G. Caughley and A. Gunn
8. *Wildlife Crime Investigation A Hand book for Wildlife Crime Investigation Officers, Wildlife Crime Control Bureau Ministry of Environment and Forests Government of India*
9. *Wildlife Forensic Investigation:Principles and Practice*,John E. Cooper Margaret E. Cooper, CRC Press,

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-(Z)-304	Semester	III (Zoology)
Animal Biotechnology			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS-(Z)-304 Animal Biotechnology

Learning Objective and Course Outcomes:

The paper is aimed to introduce the students to different types in Animal Cell Culture and its importance and application.

Will understand principles of animal culture, media preparation.

- CO 1 Will be able to understand the techniques of cryopreservation.



- **CO 2** Will be able to understand the various aspects of animal cell culture like lab design, media preparation, good laboratory practises,
- **CO 3** It gives insight into various cell/tissues culture techniques
- **CO 4** Understanding of in vitro culturing of organisms and production of transgenic animals.
- **CO 5** Understanding of cloning of mammals, large scale culture and production from recombinant microorganisms
- **CO 6** Gains skills in medical, environmental biotechnology, biopesticides, Biotechnology of aquaculture and use of animals as bioreactors
- **CO 7** This insight allows students to take into consideration about ethical issues involved in production transgenic animals and BT products.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						
CO4						
CO5						
CO6						
CO7						

UNIT-I

- 1.1 Introduction: Historical background, Application of animal biotechnology, Advantages and limitation of animal tissue culture.
- 1.2 Types of tissue culture – Adherent culture, Suspension culture, Short term culture and Long term culture primary
- 1.3 Culture environment, Cell adhesion, Cell proliferation and plating efficiency, Differentiation.
- 1.4 Primary culture, Subculture and cell lines, cell viability, maintenance of cell line and characterization

Ref:

1. Ian Freshney, *Culture of Animal Cells (Fifth Edition)*, Wiley-Leiss
2. Doyle and B. Griffith, *Cell and Tissue Culture: Laboratory Procedures in Biotechnology*, Wiley publications.
3. D. Helgason and C. L. Miller, *Basic Cell Culture Protocols*, Humana press.

UNIT-II

- 2.1 Cryopreservation of cell lines, Vitrification, Design and Control of Stocks, Cytotoxicity and Genotoxicity.



- 2.2 Transformation and Immortalization; genetic instability, chromosomal aberration, variation in DNA content, control of senescence, immortalization with viral genes, immortalization of human fibroblast, telomerase induced immortalization
- 2.3 Immortalization: Anchorage Independence, contact inhibition, serum dependence, oncogenes
- 2.4 Quantitation; cell counting, electronic counting, stained monolayers, cell weight, DNA content, protein content. Cell proliferation; cell growth cycle, analysis of monolayer and growth curve, medium volume, cell density, cell concentration, phases of growth cycle, plating efficiency, growth fraction

Ref:

1. Ian Freshney, *Culture of Animal Cells (Fifth Edition)*, Wiley-Leiss
2. Doyle and B. Griffith, *Cell and Tissue Culture: Laboratory Procedures in Biotechnology*, Wiley publications.
3. D. Helgason and C. L. Miller, *Basic Cell Culture Protocols*, Humana press.

UNIT-III

- 3.1 Animal tissue culture lab design & layout, equipments, Aseptic techniques, safety and bioethics and validation
- 3.2 Culture vessels & Substrates; Attachment and growth, substrate material, choice of culture vessels, Suspension culture, venting, specialized systems, treated surface
- 3.3 Defined Media & Supplements; Physicochemical parameters, Balanced salt solutions, complete media, selection of media and serum, other supplements
- 3.4 Serum free media; Advantages and disadvantages, selection of serum free media, development of serum free media, sterilization of media

Ref:

1. Ian Freshney, *Culture of Animal Cells (Fifth Edition)*, Wiley-Leiss
2. Doyle and B. Griffith, *Cell and Tissue Culture: Laboratory Procedures in Biotechnology*, Wiley publications.
3. D. Helgason and C. L. Miller, *Basic Cell Culture Protocols*, Humana press.

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Organotypic culture; cell interaction and phenotypic expression. Histotypic and organotypic culture; structural integrity, limitations of organ culture, histotypic culture; Gel and sponge technique, hollow fibres, spheroids. Rotating chamber system, filter well insert, Overview of types of scaffolds and matrices used in tissue engineering constructs.
- 4.2 Cloning; The main steps of differentiation, Cloning by nuclear transfer The goals of gene therapy, The tools of gene therapy, The applications of gene therapy,
- 4.3 Techniques of animal transgenesis; The aims and the concept of animal transgenesis, Gene transfer into gametes, Gene transfer into embryos, Gene transfer via cells, Vectors for gene addition, Vectors for gene replacement, Vectors for the rearrangement of targeted genes, Targeted integration of foreign genes, Non-classical vectors for the



- recombination of targeted genes, Vectors for gene trap, Vectors for the expression of transgenes
- 4.4 Applications of animal cloning; Basic research Transgenesis, Animal reproduction, Human reproduction, Therapeutic cloning Applications of animal transgenesis; Basic research, Study of human diseases, Pharmaceutical production, Xenografting, Breeding

Ref:

1. *Animal Transgenesis and cloning* Louis-Marie Houdebine, Wiley
2. *Culture of Animal cell A manual of basic techniques*, Wiley
3. *Animal cloning, A science of nuclear transfer*

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-(Z)-305	Semester	I
Practical Based on BIOS-(Z)-301 to 304			
Course type	Practical	Total Credit	08
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Practical (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
16/week	60	140	200

BIOS-(Z)-305- Practicals based on topics covered in Bios 301 to 304

Learning Objective and Course Outcomes:

The Course mainly emphasize on practical skill cell biology, biochemistry, Instrumentation, environmental sample analysis.

- **CO 1** Ability to apply basic principles of biological systems and molecular biology.
- **CO 2** Ability to relate various interrelated physiological and metabolic events through metagenomic analysis
- **CO 3A** general awareness of current developments at the forefront in application of biotechnology in fisheries.
- **CO 4** Ability to critically evaluate a problem and resolve to challenge blindly accepted concepts.
- **CO 5** Zeal and ability to work safely and effectively in a laboratory as well as field.
- **CO 6** Good experimental and quantitative skills encompassing behavioural science of animals.
- **CO 7** Awareness of resources, and their conservation.
- **CO 8** Ability to think laterally and in an integrating manner and develop interdisciplinary Research approach in zoology and allied subjects.
- **CO 9** Overall knowledge of the avenues for research and higher academic achievements in the field of bioscience.



	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1							
CO2							
CO3							
CO4							
CO5							
CO6							
CO7							
CO8							
CO9							

NOTE: Changes can be done depending upon the departmental need and availability of the resources

Wildlife and conservation Biology

1. Preparation of Ethogram
2. To study the modification of beak
3. To study the modification of feet
4. To study the antelope and antlers
5. Diversity study by transects
6. Study of pugmark / foot print of various domestics/ wild animals
7. Identification of butterfly
8. Identification of birds
9. Hair identification of animals
10. Scat analysis animals
11. Field trip
12. Visit of Zoo and national park
13. Online resources and databases of wild life
14. Demonstration of preservation of specimens

Structure and Function in Invertebrates and Vertebrates

1. Earthworm – nervous system, reproductive system (through charts/ model/ images)
2. Cockroach- nervous system, digestive system, reproductive system (through charts/model/images)
3. Prawn –Appendages, Statocyst.
4. Protozoans- rhizopods , flagellates , ciliates etc. (fresh water forms).
5. Crustaceans and rotifers - Planktonic copepodes, cladoceran, ostracoderm and rotifers.
6. Larval forms of the free living invertebrates.
7. Larval forms of parasitic invertebrates.
8. Comparative Digestive system in vertebrates (through charts/model/ images)
9. Comparative female reproductive system (ovary, oviduct, uterus, cervix) in vertebrates (through charts)
10. Comparative male reproductive system (testes, intratesticular ducts, vasa deferentia, urethra) in vertebrates (through charts /model/images)
11. Comparative aortic arteries in vertebrates (through charts/model/ images)



12. Comparative hearts in vertebrates (through charts/model/images)
13. Skull types (through charts/model)
14. To study Permanent slides of endocrine glands
15. Comparative anatomy of above mentioned systems in chordates.
16. Note: Student should prepare and submit at least 10 permanent stained micropreparation.

Cell culture

1. To perform primary cell culture from Splenocyte / Hepatocyte / Chick fibroblast.
Cell Culture: Cell revival, Subculture, Viability and Cell maintenance.
Genotoxic assay: Micronucleus assay.
2. Isolation of Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells (PBMC).
3. Cytotoxic assay: MTT assay.
4. Study of effect of cytotoxic chemicals on cell lines by different marker parameters (Sulforhodamine-B, Super oxide Dismutase, Catalase, etc.)
5. Study of effect of genotoxic chemicals on cells lines by different marker parameters (G2 assay, DNA fragmentation, Comet, etc.).
6. Characterization of cell line by isozyme analysis.
7. To estimate Lactate Dehydrogenase Activity from cell lines.
8. To study morphological differentiation from primordial cells using appropriate differentiation medium.
9. To study Transfection in Animal Cell Culture.
10. Preparation and sterilization of Media by appropriate; autoclave and filtration techniques.

Histology

1. To study histological aspects of digestive system by using permanent slides.
2. To study histological aspects of circulatory system by using permanent slides.
3. To study histological aspects of respiratory system by using permanent slides.
4. To study histological aspects of Excretory system by using permanent slides.
5. To study histological aspects of reproductive system by using permanent slides.
6. To prepare chemical requirements for microtomy and demonstration of microtomy.
7. To prepare permanent histological slides of fish tissues (gills/liver/kidney/intestine/ brain).
8. To prepare permanent histological slides of chicken tissues (Heart/liver/kidney/ intestine/ brain/lungs).
9. To prepare permanent histological slides of goat tissues (liver/kidney/intestine/brain).
10. To localize carbohydrate moieties in the given histological slides.
11. To localize protein moieties in the given histological slides.
12. To localize lipid moieties in the given histological slides.
13. To localize enzymes (ACP/ALP) in the given histological slides.

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-(Z)-401	Semester	III (Zoology)
Applied Reproductive biology			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks



4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100
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BIOS-(Z)-401 Applied Reproductive biology

Learning Objective and Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1**In this course, students will investigate the biological processes of reproduction, including the endocrinology and physiology of male and female reproduction, puberty, lactation and menopause. They will gain an understanding of the determinants of fertility and infertility, and how reproductive biotechnology is used to overcome poor fertility.
- **CO 2**This course will also include a focus on the biology of normal and disordered pregnancy.
- **CO 3**Students will explore how reproductive biology impacts other aspects of health, exploring implications of early life exposures for later health and of the biology of reproductive cancers. Social and ethical implications of reproductive technologies and research will be discussed within appropriate topics.
- **CO 4**Students will have opportunities to hear from scientists and practitioners with relevant expertise. Active learning will be encouraged, for example, through guided reading and group exercises. Students will enhance skills in analysis of literature and in creating a coherent written account of a body of work.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1						
CO2						
CO3						
CO4						

UNIT-I

- 1.1 Structure and functions of Female reproductive organs. Folliculogenesis, Ovulation, Corpus luteum, atrecia,
- 1.2 Implantation, Placenta, Pregnancy and its control Foetoplacental unit as an endocrine entity
- 1.3 Menopause, reproductive cycles, non-steroidal regulators of ovarian function.
- 1.4 Gamete and zygote transport; Semen Release, Contents of Seminal Plasma, Sperm Number and Structure, Sperm Transport and Maturation in the Female Reproductive Tract, Transport of the Sperm and Ovum in the Oviduct, sperm Capacitation and Activation, Sperm Passage through the Cumulus Oophorus, Sperm Passage through the ZonaPellucida, The Cortical Reaction, Completion of the Second Meiotic Division, Formation and Fusion of Sperm and Egg Pronuclei, Mammary glands, Lactation and its hormonal control.

Ref;

1. *Endocrine and reproductive physiology, Edited by Bruce a. white, PhD and Susan p. Porterfield, PhD, Elsevier*
2. *Human Reproductive Biology, Richard jones, Elsevier*



3. *Human reproduction and developmental biology, D. J. Begley, BSc, PhD, J. A. FIRTH, MA, PhD.*
4. *Preservation of human oocytes from cryobiological science to clinical application*

UNIT-II

- 2.1 Structure and function of the Male Reproductive Organs.
- 2.2 Spermatogenesis and its hormonal control. Functions of the Sertoli cells and Leydig Cells.
- 2.3 Semen formation and its biochemistry. Sperm structure and function.
- 2.4 Testis Anomalies, Senescence, Puberty.

Ref;

1. *Endocrine and reproductive physiology, Edited by Bruce a. white, PhD and Susan p. Porterfield, PhD, Elsevier*
2. *Human Reproductive Biology, Richard jones, Elsevier*
3. *Human reproduction and developmental biology, D. J. Begley, BSc, PhD, J. A. FIRTH, MA, PhD*
4. *Preservation of human oocytes from cryobiological science to clinical application*

UNIT-III

- 3.1 Principles of Fertility Regulation in males and females.
- 3.2 In-Vitro Fertilization, ET and AR technologies.
- 3.3 Collection and preservation of Gametes; Principles of Cryopreservation, fundamentals of vitrification, Expression of Functional Aquaporins in Oocytes and Embryos and the Impact on Cryopreservation, Oocyte Storage at Different Developmental Stages, Cryopreservation and the Cytoskeleton of the Human Oocyte, Impact of Cryopreservation on Oocyte Physiology, Metabolism, and the Proteome, The Contribution of Embryo Cryopreservation to the Clinical Efficacy of ART and to a Reduction of ART Multiple Pregnancies, Factors Influencing the Clinical Efficiency of Oocyte Cryopreservation, impact of Oocyte Storage in Oocyte Donation Treatments
- 3.4 Research methodologies; RIA, PCR, EIA, IRMA, Radioreceptors, Chemiluminescence, Polyclonal and Monoclonal antibodies.

Ref;

1. *Endocrine and reproductive physiology, Edited by Bruce a. white, PhD and Susan p. Porterfield, PhD, Elsevier*
2. *Human Reproductive Biology, Richard jones, Elsevier*
3. *Human reproduction and developmental biology, D. J. BEGLEY, BSc, PhD, J. A. FIRTH, MA, PhD,*
4. *Preservation of human oocytes from cryobiological science to clinical application*



UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Development, factors affecting sex determination, Genetic Control of sex determination, Endocrinology of the foetal gonads, Prenatal diagnostic techniques.
- 4.2 Reproductive failure and wastage; Introduction, Congenital abnormalities, Teratogenesis, Inborn errors of metabolism, Spontaneous abortion and fetal losses, Prenatal diagnosis of fetal abnormalities
- 4.3 Oocyte Storage in Domestic Species:
- 4.4 Life cycle of male and female reproductive system

Ref;

1. *Endocrine and reproductive physiology*, Edited by Bruce A. White, PhD and Susan P. Porterfield, PhD, Elsevier
2. *Human Reproductive Biology*, Richard Jones, Elsevier
3. *Human reproduction and developmental biology*, D. J. Begley, BSc, PhD, J. A. Firth, MA, PhD.
4. *Preservation of human oocytes from cryobiological science to clinical application*

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-(Z)-402	Semester	III (Zoology)
Applied Zoology			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100

BIOS- (Z)-402 Applied Zoology

Learning Objective and Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1** Students will gain learn applications of Zoology in Agriculture and other industries.
- **CO 2** Identify various methodology and perspectives of applied branches of zoology for the possibilities of self-employment.
- **CO 3** Learn the basic principles involved in the culture and breeding of common edible and ornamental fishes
- **CO 4** Get a basic understanding of human genomics and reproductive biology
- **CO 5** Aware about stem cell research and prenatal diagnostic techniques.
- **CO 6** Course will provides them comprehensive understanding about aquatic ecosystem and various economical important fishes.
- **CO 7** Students will gain knowledge in the areas of responses characterization and classification of Ostracoderms, placoderms, acanthodians, holocephali, elasmobranchs.



- CO 8 Students will get information about zooplanktons, rotifers and other microscopic organisms

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1							
CO2							
CO3							
CO4							
CO5							
CO6							
CO7							
CO8							

UNIT-I

- 1.1 Care and Use of Laboratory Animals; Animal Environment, Housing, and Management; Physical environment; Microenvironment and Macroenvironment, Housing, Space Recommendations, Temperature and Humidity, Ventilation, Illumination, Noise, Behavioral management; Structural Environment, Social Environment, Activity, Husbandry; Food, Water, Bedding, Sanitation, Bedding Change, Cleaning and Disinfection of Primary Enclosures, Cleaning and Disinfection of Secondary Enclosures, Assessing the Effectiveness of Sanitation, Waste Disposal, Pest Control, Emergency, Weekend, and Holiday Care
- 1.2 Animal models in toxicology; Mouse, rat, hamster, rabbit, zebrafish, daphnia, earthworm
- 1.3. Animal Genetics: Animal breeding, out breeding and inbreeding, open nucleus breeding systems. Conservation of germplasm, breeding of laboratory animals, genetic health monitoring. Concept of production of specific pathogen free (SPF) and germ free laboratory animals. Development of various chimeras.
- 1.4 Animal nutrition: Introduction, Dairy Cattle Nutrition and Feeding, Sheep Nutrition and Feeding, Poultry Nutrition and Feeding, Fish Nutrition and Feeding, Diet Formulation and Common Feed Ingredients

Ref:

1. *Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals, Institute of Laboratory Animal Research, Commission on Life Sciences, National Research Council, National Academy of Science.*
2. *Handbook of Laboratory Animal Management and Welfare, Sarah Wolfensohn, Third edition, Blackell publishing*
3. *Animal model in toxicology. Edited by Shayne C. Gad, Taylor & Francis*
4. *Design Standards for Small Animals (Rodents) Vivarium, The University of Texas, MD Anderson, Center*
5. *Animal nutrition Handbook, by Lee I. Chiba*

UNIT-II



- 2.1 Important marine organisms and their behavior; Introduction to marine environment; Marine flora - phytoplankton, seaweeds, sea grasses and mangroves - their characteristics and identification; Marine fauna–zooplankton; Major marine invertebrates (crustaceans & molluscs); Vertebrates (Pisces) and marine mammals (dolphin and whales) - characteristics and identification; Biology - food & feeding - age & growth - reproduction - life history of crustaceans, molluscs and fishes.
- 2.2 Oceanography: Physical; Temperature, salinity and density – horizontal, vertical and temporal variations; waves, tides and currents, upwelling. Chemical; nutrient cycle, metals, minerals and trace elements Biological-primary and secondary productivity, finfish and shellfish resources.
- 2.3 Culture systems and hatchery techniques: Importance of coastal aquaculture; Aquafarms: design and construction; Criteria for selecting cultivable species; Culture systems and management practices – extensive, semi-intensive and intensive culture practices. Seed production in controlled condition; Types; Design and management of hatchery – induced spawning; Mass production of seeds; Live feed culture technique and feed formulation; Artificial insemination - in vitro fertilization.
- 2.4 Manipulation and microbial techniques; Chromosome manipulation in aquaculture – hybridization; Ploidy induction; Gynogenesis, Androgenesis and sex reversal in commercially important fishes. Application of microbial biotechnology in culture ponds; Bioaugmentation; Bioremediation for soil and water quality improvement - nutrient cycling; bio-fertilization; Probiotics – Immunostimulants; Regulation of bacterial growth.

Ref:

1. Handbook of Marine Biotechnology, Kim, Springer

UNIT-III

- 3.1 Introduction to Epidemiology, Measuring disease frequency
- 3.2 Descriptive epidemiology, Outbreaks Investigations
- 3.3 Introduction: Conceptualizing and Partitioning the Emergence Process of Zoonotic Viruses from Wildlife to Humans
- 3.4 Overview of important zoonotic disease

Ref:

1. *Essential Epidemiology an Introduction for Students and Health Professionals*, Penny Webb, Cambridge university press
2. *Gordis Epidemiology*, David D. Celentano, Elsevier
3. *Epidemiology Kept Simple, An introduction to traditional and modern epidemiology*, Gerstman, Wiley



- 4 *Wildlife and Emerging Zoonotic Diseases: The Biology, Circumstances and Consequences of Cross-Species*, James, Springer
5. *Zoonotic Disease of Public health Importance, National Institute Of Communicable Diseases*
6. *Zoonoses Infectious Diseases Transmissible from Animals to Humans*, Rolf, ASM

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Concept and application of host microbiome and hologenome
- 4.2 Overview of rumen microbiome
- 4.3 Overview of human and other Animal microbiome
- 4.4 Microbiome engineering

Ref:

1. *Handbook of Molecular Microbial Ecology I, Metagenomics and Complementary Approaches*
2. *Edited by Frans J. de Bruijn, Wiley-Blackwell, A John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Publication*
3. *Handbook of Molecular Microbial Ecology I, Metagenomics in different habitats, by Frans J. de Bruijn, Wiley-Blackwell, A John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Publication*
4. *Rumen Microbiology: From Evolution to Revolution, edited by Anil Kumar, PuniyaRameshwar Singh, DevkiNandanKamra, Springer*
5. *Methods in Gut Microbial Ecology for Ruminants, Edited by Harinder P.S. Makkar, Springer*
6. *The Hologenome Concept: Human, Animal and Plant Microbiota, Eugene Rosenberg, IlanaZilber-Rosenberg, Springer*
7. *Understanding Host-Microbiome Interactions - An Omics Approach Omics of Host-Microbiome Association, Ravindra Pal Singh, Ramesh Kothari, Prakash G. Koringa, Satya Prakash Singh, Springer*
8. *Metagenomic Analysis of the Human Gut Microbiome, dos Santos, Marcelo BertalanQuintanilha; Nielsen, Henrik Bjørn; Sicheritz-Pontén, Thomas, Technical University of Denmark (DTU).*
9. *Encyclopedia of Metagenomics-Environmental Metagenomics, Edited by Sarah K. Highlander Francisco Rodriguez-Valera Bryan A. White, Springer*
10. *Encyclopedia of Metagenomics*
11. *Genes, Genomes and Metagenomes: Basics, Methods, Databases and Tools, Karen E. Nelson, Springer*

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-(Z)-403	Semester	IV
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND PROFESSIONAL SKILLS			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	04
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks



4/week	30	70 (Paper of 3hrs)	100
BIOS-(Z)-403-RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND PROFESSIONAL SKILL			

Learning Objective and Outcomes:

The course is design to train student for research activity and communication skill at the end of the course student will be

- **CO 1** Able to understand the research problem and design and research work
- **CO 2** Able to write, prepare poster and present oral presentation
- **CO 3** Able to prepare CV and face the interview

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1							
CO2							
CO3							

Unit I: Basic of Research Methodology

1.1 Philosophy of the natural sciences: Traditional philosophy of science, Hypotheticodeductive method, the empirical turn in philosophy of science,

1.2 Research Methodology: Objective, Motivation, Types approach, Significance, method, methodology, research process, good research, Researchers in India;

1.3 Research problems and Design: Research problems: Definition, selection of problems, Defining problems, technique; Research Design: Meaning, Need, features, concept, types, and Experimental design;

1.4 Sampling design: Survey, design, steps, criteria, characteristics, types, random sample and sampling

Reference Books

1. C R Kothari *Research Methodology 2nd Ed, New Age International Publication, 2004*
2. Petter Laake, Haakon Breien Benestad and Bjørn Reino Olsen, *Research methodology in the medical and biological sciences, Academic Press Elsevier, 2007*
3. Yogesh Kumar Singh, *Fundamental of Research methodology and statistics, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 2006*
4. Phyllis G. Supino and Jeffrey S. Borer, *Principles of Research Methodology- A Guide for Clinical Investigators, Springer, 2012*

Unit II: Thesis Preparation

2.1 Preparing a dissertation: Formatting guidelines, sections, raw data, tips, requirement

2.2 Thesis writing: Title, Introduction, Review of literature, methodology, Result, Discussion, references, additional components

2.3 Strategies for writing thesis: Eleven steps strategies



2.4 Defense of the thesis or dissertation: Structure of the oral examination, Preparation for the examining committee session, Conduct of the oral examination, Decision making regarding the oral defense, Follow-up

Reference Books

1. R Raveendran, B Gitanjali, S Manikandan, *A practical Approach to PG dissertation, 2nd Edition, PharmaMed Press, 2012*
2. Aysha Divan, *Communication Skill for the Biosciences, Oxford University Press, 2009.*
3. James E. Mauch and Namgi Park, *5th Edition, Guide to the Successful Thesis and Dissertation, Marcel Dekker, Inc, 2003.*

Unit III: Scientific Presentation and Management

3.1 Writing a research Proposal and research Paper: Research Proposal: Components, writing, funding sources for bioscience research, peer review; Research Paper: Structure, Strategy, aim and content of paper, submission, peer-review

3.2 Delivering effective presentation: Oral presentation: Planning, Preparation, practicing, delivering, answering and evaluating presentation; Poster: Planning, Preparation and presentation

3.3 Management fundamental: Characteristics, nature, function, process, profession, role, level and evolution

3.4 Entrepreneurship fundamental: Concept, Evolution, Characteristics, Entrepreneur Intrapreneur, Ultrapreneur, role, barrier,

Reference Books

1. Aysha Divan, *Communication Skill for the Biosciences, Oxford University Press, 2009.*
2. Jennifer Peat, *Scientific Writing- Easy when you know how, BMJ Books. 2002*
3. Janice R. Matthews and Robert W. Matthews, *Successful Scientific Writing, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2008*
4. Veerabhadrapa Havinal, *Management and entrepreneurship, New Age International publishers, 2009*

Unit IV: Communication and Research Skills

4.1 Before Writing: Academic Writing, Writer's Mindset, Strategies to avoid procrastination

4.2 Elements of English Grammar: Basic Terms and Definitions, Similar meaning, different spelling, Similar spelling, different meaning, Proofreading, word uses, Active versus Passive Voice

4.3 Research information system: Computer and ICT in research, Ethics in communication

4.4 Networking: Networking, CV and interview preparation

Reference Books



1. Marialuisa Aliotta, *Mastering Academic Writing in the Sciences*, CRC press, 2018
2. Janice R. Matthews and Robert W. Matthews, *Successful Scientific Writing*, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2008
3. Aysha Divan, *Communication Skill for the Biosciences*, Oxford University Press, 2009.

VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience (Botany)
Course Code	BIOS (Z)-404	Semester	IV
Dissertation/ Training			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	06
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Practical / Lab (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
12/week	45	105 (Paper of 3hrs)	150

BIOS-(Z)-404:DISSERTATION/ TRAINING

The course provides wide knowledge about research, experimental & sampling design,

- **CO 1**Data collection, analysis & interpretation of data and allows student to present the research data in scientific method
- **CO 2**Gains skill to solve problems using appropriate research method and inferential statistical tools
- **CO 3**Learns to collect literature collection, literature citation, and components of research report – Text, tables, figures, and bibliography.
- **CO 4**Critically analyse and evaluate the knowledge and understanding in relation to the agreed area of study.
- **CO 5**Integrate theory and practice.
- **CO 6**Develop responses on the basis of the evaluation and analysis undertake.
- **CO 7**Writing of dissertations, project proposals, project reports, research papers.
- **CO 8**Intellectual Property Rights – Biopiracy, copyrights, patent and traditional knowledge and plagiarism.
- **CO 9**Demonstrate advanced critical research skills in relation to career development or work-related learning studies.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1							
CO2							
CO3							
CO4							
CO5							
CO6							
CO7							



CO8							
CO9							

Student shall take anyone option from Dissertation or Training as per following guideline

Dissertation

- Students have to take up a small research project under the supervision of a teacher from the department or may carry the work in an industry / NGO / private laboratory with required facility/other university or institution.
- If a student is doing project outside the university all other arrangements are to be made by the student.
- Student has to submit the dissertation before the last date for the submission as declared by the university.

Training

Students have to undergo for at least 30 days training in any Industry or other organization under the supervision of the any faculty of the department.

At the end of the training student has to submit the detailed training report including the scientific review on the relevant topic of his training



VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT			
Programme Code		Programme Name	M.Sc. Bioscience
Course Code	BIOS-(Z)-405	Semester	III (Zoology)
Practical Based on Bios-(Z)-401 to 403			
Course type	Core Compulsory	Total Credit	06
Teaching time	Examination Marking Scheme		
Theory (hrs)	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
4/week	45	105	150

BIOS-(Z)-405-Practicals based on topics covered in Bios-(Z)-401 to 403

The course is developed to cultivate practical expertise in the students in the field of advance reproductive techniques and applied zoology. After completion of the course the students:

- **CO 1** Will be able to apply advance techniques in the various field of applied zoology.
- **CO 2** Students will be able to use various advanced biotechnological methods in the field of aquaculture and fisheries.
- **CO 3** Students will be able to isolate the metagenome of the various plants and animals and will be able to understand their coexistence and significance to the environment as well as the flora and fauna.
- **CO 4** Students will be able to use various software to evaluate their scientific data and will be able to their thesis, articles and reviews scientific manner.
- **CO 5** Will be able to search the articles, journals, patents on various databases

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1							
CO2							
CO3							
CO4							
CO5							

NOTE: Changes can be done depending upon the departmental need and availability of the resources

Applied Reproductive Biology

1. Sperm profiling
2. Sperm wash and analysis
3. Cryopreservation of gamets
4. Detection of ovulation by rapid test kit
5. Pregnancy detection by rapid test kit
6. Demonstration and visit Artificial insemination in Animal facility
7. Demonstration and visit of IVF facilities

Applied Zoology

1. Microbial analysis of fishery products



2. Chemical analysis of fishery products
3. Study of Probiotics
4. Study and analysis of animal nutrient
5. Visit of Animal house facility
6. Study of zooplankton and phytoplankton
7. Visit of hatchery/Fish farm
8. Gut microbiome analysis

Research Methodology And Professional Skill

1. Searching of scientific literature
2. Digital research resources e-ShodhSindhu and Shodhgangaat INFLIBNET
3. Online grammar checking in scientific writing
4. References management by online tools
5. Plagiarisms checking
6. Preparation of graphs and tables to present the scientific data
7. Searching of approved and Index-Journal- UGC CARE, NAAS collection and Web of sciences/Scopus.
8. Searching of proper journals based on title and abstract of your research.
9. Preparation of scientific poster
10. Oral presentation on scientific topic
11. Preparation of curriculum vitae
12. Mock interview and group discussion skill